The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY MARCH 14, 1907. NO. 10.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS
AT THE
Farmers National Bank.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C. M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

COMPTROLLER'S CALL.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business January 26th, 1907.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments	$535,223.28	Capital Stock,	$100,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	8,000.00	Surplus and Profits	41,761.12
Cash and Reserve	78,564.26	Circulation	100,000.00
		Bank Deposits	11,799.17
		Individual Deposits	368,227.25
	$621,787.54		$621,787.54

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier. A. Z. SCHOCH, President.

FLOBERT RIFLES.

Somebody Liable to Get Into Trouble if the Practice of Shooting Them in the Town Does Not Cease.

A boy and a Flobert rifle is a bad combination. Usually a boy and any kind of an instrument with which mischief can be done is an unfortunate combine, for the mischief is likely to be done.

It was in view of this fact that the legislature of this state in 1903 passed a law on the subject of using Flobert rifles, air guns, or spring guns on the streets or alleys of any city or borough.

The act reads as follows:

"Be it enacted &c, That six months after the passage of this act, it will be unlawful for any person to discharge on the streets or alleys of any city or borough, in the commonwealth, a Flobert rifle, air gun, or any implement which impels with force a metal pellet of any kind.

Any person violating this act, shall be arrested and fined in the sum of five dollars, before any committing magistrate; and for the second offense, shall be fined in the sum of fifteen dollars, and may undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a period not less than ten days, nor exceeding thirty days, the person so offending to pay all cost of prosecution."

The law went into effect on October 15, 1903.

Somebody is violating it frequently. There are a number of boys in town who have flobert rifles, and they are going about, amusing themselves by shooting cats and other things just for amusement. Perhaps if they realized that they might be made to pay five dollars and the cost, for the first offense, and go to jail for 30 days and pay fifteen dollars for the second offense, they would not be so reckless.

When a dog or cat is doing damage on private property it may be driven away, and if it persists it may be shot if necessary to stop it. But it is cruelty to animals to shoot a cat just for fun, and for this another penalty may be imposed. So that it might be quite an expensive amusement.

Apropos of this subject, on last Sunday morning a valuable Angora cat was shot in the hip with a flobert rifle. It is a trick cat, and believed to be entirely harmless. It was not killed, but badly mussed up, and put out of business for the time being. It is now improving, and will recover.

As it was our family cat THE COLUMBIAN offers a reward of $10 not to find out who did it, because we know the boy, and as his parents are poor we do ot want to distress them, but for the conviction of any man or boy who shoots a flobert or air or spring gun on the streets or alleys, in violation of this law just as a preventive in the future.

"THE CRAFTSMAN."

The Craftsman is the name of the new Masonic club for which a charter will be secured. It will have elegant quarters in the new Caldwell Cathedral, and its outfit will be among the finest in the state.

The following board of governors has been chosen: E. F. Carpenter, J. L. Townsend, George L. Low, C. A. Caswell, R. D. Young, J. M. Staver, R. E. Hartman, A. Z. Schoch and W. S. Rishton.

The front part of the building will be occupied by the club, and they will have a reception room, billiard room, parlor, offices, etc

LOCAL OPTION.

At a meeting of the Bloomsburg Ministerium on Monday it was decided to hold a temperance mass meeting in the Methodist Church on Sunday evening next at 7 o'clock, when Dr. Hatch will present the subject of local option.

The clergymen adopted the following resolutions:

Whereas it is believed by us and a very large majority of the members of the churches we represent that the liquor traffic is an unmixed evil wherever it exists, and makes no adequate return for the loss and expense it entails upon society in crime and pauperism and that the institution of the saloon is utterly un-American in that it brings only loss, shame and sorrow where it exists, without the right or privilege of the voter or citizen to choose for or against it and the present license system imposes it upon the whole community at the request of any 12 men and often forces it upon an unwilling people at the discression of one man, who may be judge of the Court.

Therefore resolved, That we members of the Bloomsburg ministerium in regular meeting assembled representing all the churches and congregations at this and surrounding towns, do hereby earnestly appeal to the Hon. J. Henry Cochran and the Hon. W. T. Creasy now representing us in the Legislature of our state and to all the Honorable members of both houses to give the people whom they represent the right to decide at the ballot box whether they will have the "Licensed Saloon" among them, by passing the present pending Local Option Bill.

Resolved that a copy of this action be sent to each one of our Legislative representatives.

WHEELMEN ELECTION.

A large number of the members of the Bloomsburg Wheelmen Club gathered at the Club House on Tuesday evening, for the annual election of officers, with a lunch and smoker on the side.

The following officers were elected: President, John M. Clark; Vice President, James T. Goodwin; Secretary, Harry S. Barton; Treasurer; W. C. Snyder; Board of Governors; H. R. Meyers, S. R. Bidleman, Fred Holmes, H. Mont. Smith, F. W. Roys, Willie Law, and F. R. Carpenter. Auditors, A Z. Schoch, A. W. Duy, W. H. Eyer. Library committee, W. E. Johnson, W. V. Morris.

R. C. Butler and Fred B. Hartman were elected to membership.

The club is in a flourishing condition.

ORANGEVILLE ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

J. W. Conner of Orangeville has placed an order with the Commonwealth Electric Mfg. Co. of Philadelphia for the equipment of his electric light plant. Charles Runk of Phillipsburg has the contract for the construction work, and W. O. DeWitt will have charge of the electrical work. It will be an up-to-date plant, and Orangeville will be indebted to Mr. Conner for his enterprise. It is expected the plant will be in operation by June 1st.

LUTHERAN AID SOCIETY.

The members of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Lutheran Church held a meeting on Tuesday evening, when the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. C. B. Gunton; Vice President, Mrs. D. F. Weiss; Treasurer, Mrs. W. H. Hidlay; Secretary Mrs. Frank Bomboy.

2-CENT FARES BOUND TO COME.

Secretary Williams Names the States That Now Have 2 Cent Fare Laws.

Secretary S. M. Williams of the State board of trade, who is credited with being the "Father of the Two Cent Rate Bill," has high hopes of the bill being passed by the senate and becoming a law. It has already passed the house and is now in the senate committee on railroads.

"We have every reason to believe that the bill will pass," said Secretary Williams, "and Pennsylvania will be in line with the other progressive States. In Ohio and New York there are two-cent fares, and two of three great railway systems in New England have accepted them. The Indiana legislature has passed such a bill, and last week Missouri and Nebraska legislatures sent two-cent fare bills to their governors. North Carolina, Minnesoto, West Virginia and Arkansas have two-cent fares by act of their legislatures, and Wisconsin and Illinois legislatures are considering bills to the same end which are certain to pass. From New England to Nebraska, clear across the country, two cent fares will be in force within a month, and Pennsylvania cannot afford to be out of the procession. Two-cent fares are bound to come.".

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

At a meeting held in the office of C. C. Yetter, Esq. last Thursday evening, the Chamber of Commerce was organized.

The officers elected are as follows: President, Clyde Chas. Yetter, Esq; Vice President, Paul E. Wirt, Esq.; Treasurer, Frank W. Miller; Secretary, A. N. Yost, Esq., Trustees, H. W. Titman, C. W. Funston, L. E. Waller, A. Z. Schoch and J. M. Robbins.

The charter members are as follows: H. W. Titman, Paul E. Wirt, F. J. Richards, J. Lee Harman, Robert Hawley, Dr. C. F. Altmiller, Karl F. Wirt, J. H. Coleman, J. M. Robbins, A. N. Yost, C. A. Small, John G. Harman, W. V. Johnson, E. M. Savage, J. W. Mifflin, J. G. Quick, C. H. Reimard, F. D. Dentler, C. M. Terwilliger, F. W. Miller, Paul R. Eyerly, Isaiah Hagenbuch, E. F. Carpenter, J. L. Wolverton, C. W. Funston, A. Z. Schoch, A. J. Robbins, C. C. Yetter, Dr. J. W. Bruner, L. E. Waller, C. M. Evans.

No canvass was made for members and the spirit manifested at the meeting can well be taken to mean that some united, successful work will be done. Already there is a move on foot to locate here several industries that will offer employment to men. An indication that the town is ready to meet them half way is all that is needed to make probable their location here.

FARMERS NATIONAL BANK.

J. Warren Lee has resigned as Teller of the Farmers National Bank to accept the position of Cashier in a National Bank at Smethport.

Charles Merrill of Lightstreet, who has been employed as cashier in the office of the American Car & Foundry Co. at Berwick, has been elected as book-keeper, and Samuel Miller, who has filled that post at the Farmers for several years, has been promoted to Teller.

Charles C. Kesty has bought B. R. Yohe's poultry stock and rented his yards and will engage in the business extensively.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The Court held a brief session on Monday with all the judges on the bench.

C. A. Small Esq., presented a petition to contest the recent election in the Boro of West Berwick. H. A. McKillip Esq., resisted the issuance of a rule because he claimed that the petition included many persons who were regularly elected and whose seats were not in question. And further he maintained that the petition was fatally defective in that it did not allege specific fraud and in what manner a wrong had been done any candidate. While it is true that an error was made in printing the ticket for Councilmen and School Directors, the tickets were correct in every other particular and it was a fatal defect to ask for a rule on any other candidates. Mr. Small contended that the ticket being defective it vitiated the entire election which should be set aside.

Judge Evans did not grant a rule but took the petition under advisement and will render a decision on the 20th.

E. W. Hughes vs. S. B. & B. Railraid. It appearing that several of the viewers heretofore appointed were not freeholders and others owned property affected by said railroad, the viewers appointed were withdrawn and others are to be appointed.

Frederick Swisher vs Zora Swisher. Subpoena in divorce awarded.

H. M. Hinckley Esq., appeared for the D. L. & W. Railroad company and requested that the costs placed on the company detective who appeared as prosecutor against Bessie Harrison be remitted. The Court granted a rule.

Opening of Fourth street Bloomsburg. It appearing that William Kramer and J. W. Hidlay were owners of property on Fourth street, their appointment as viewers was canceled and the viewers to assess damages on Fourth street are Reuben Hess, Isaac Yost, M. P. Lutz, A. Z. Schoch, W. H. Moore, J. K. Pennsyl and Thomas J. Morris.

THE EVANGELICAL CONFERENCE.

The Evangelical Conference that has been in session in Carlisle the past week adjourned on Tuesday night. The Conference next year will be held in Berwick.

Rev. J Y. Shambach, who has been stationed in Bloomsburg is sent to Williamsport Circuit.

The following are the appointments for Lewisburg Dirtrict.

J. W. Messinger, Presiding Elder.
Lewisburg—J. A. Hollenbaugh.
Buffalo—J. D. Stover.
Milton—W. I. Shambaugh.
Milton Circuit—J. N. Bingaman.
Unityville Circuit, Mission—L. C. Cooper.
Sonestown—J. Womelsdorf.
Dushore—J. F. Hower.
Lopez—B. F. Keller.
Danville—W. N. Wallace.
Bloomsburg—E. B. Bailey.
Espy—J. O. Biggs.
Berwick, Bower Memorial—J. W. Thompson.
West Berwick—E. Fulcomer.
North Berwick—E. D. Keen.
Columbia—J. M. King.
Nescopeck—E. B. Dunn.
Nuremburg—H. R. Wilkes.
Luzerne—H. L. Purtiss.
West Nanticoke—To be supplied.
Ranson—L. Dice.
Scranton—W. E. Peffley.
West Clifford—To be supplied.

Mrs. W. C. Johnston was called to Riverside by the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Joseph Woodruff, who is threatened with pneumonia.

SMART HATS.

Young Men, who want extreme styles in everything, prefer our Soft Hats.

There's a sort of swagger smartness about the Soft Hat that can not be worked into the Derby. The soft Hat grows in favor constantly.

The Spring styles are particularly attractive. We have several new shades and shapes that are very swell.

Some bound and some with fancy bands. Prices range along at

$1.00, $2.00, $3.00 to $4.00.

The style and go in these Hats can not be described The Hats must be seen.

Come in, Young Man, and let us "show you."

BEN GIDDING
Clothier, Hatter and Haberdasher.

Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg.

—o—

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

HAVE YOU SEEN

OUR NEW FURNITURE?

Our assortment of Furniture is so wide that we can hardly fail to please any taste, and we can please many tastes not otherwise pleased because of the dependable quality of our goods. The surest way to verify our assertion is to come to the store in person.

Drop Side Steel Couches

Complete with mattress and pillows, best steel frame and springs—Complete $8.00 and $8.75.

RUGS! RUGS!

We are showing an unusual line of large floor Rugs. It does not need special experience to appreciate the values. We'd like to have you see them. You will not be satisfied until you have one of the Rugs in your home.

PRICES TO SUIT ALL.

THE LEADER STORE CO., LTD

4TH AND MARKET STREETS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

OUR WOMEN OF FIFTY

EUROPEAN CRITICS CLAIM THEY TAKE A BACK SEAT.

She May Do Much to Make Herself Charming in Dress and Manner—Should Not Resort to Artifices to Disguise Age.

Our European critics are fond of saying that American society is dominated entirely by the young person. This used to be pretty nearly true, but it is true no longer. On the contrary, it may be claimed, with unanswerable arguments advanced to prove it, that the woman of fifty holds the controlling social hand in most American communities.

Probably no one who has not studied the work of the women's clubs and patriotic and philanthropic societies has any idea of the extent to which they have increased the capacity and the happiness of the middle-aged woman. One of William Morris' most striking lines is this:

The happy are the masters of the earth.

In China, the older a woman becomes the happier she is. The same thing is gradually becoming true, as it ought to be, in this country. And when you become happy, you become powerful.

The woman of fifty among us might as well appreciate the fact; She is now a chief factor in the higher civilization, and it behooves her to seize her scepter and make the most of her position.

To this end, let her beware of the ways of the kitten. They may do for the maiden of seventeen, but they become ridiculous when mated with gray hairs. Cooing and frisking and giggling are not for the woman of fifty, except in the retirement of her own home. Even if she be incurably light-minded, she must learn when in public to express her frivolity in a staid way, or be insufferable. As the Duke of York said of himself in the play, she must have "not a thought but things on dignity."

It has been fashionable during late years for elderly women to wear delicate pinks, blues and lavenders—and even rather violent shades of these colors, which is all very well for the handsome ones but remember that these light tints make one very conspicuous. You cannot usually bear them, unless you are good looking.

The woman of fifty, if she amounts to anything at all, will probably have few wrinkles. By cultivating empoint she can escape them. But, as slenderness and delicacy of figure are fashionable, the face must share in this general meagerness—and the thin face is bound to wrinkle by the time the late forties are reached.

Gray hair comes with wrinkles. Fortunately, the old-time hair-dye has largely disappeared among decent people. Gray hair is often a disadvantage to those who work for a living—but, for others it may be desirable.

Women who try hard to rub out their wrinkles and color their hair forget this sound rule. Appropriateness and consistency are great—perhaps the greatest—considerations to keep in mind in matters of this kind. Wrinkles and gray hair and certain unmistakable angles, and peculiarities of figure go with advancing years. A sense of offensive artificiality marks any case in which the usual accompaniments of particular times of life are wanting. There are, as it were, anachronisms. The qualities do not "compare," and the artistic eye is shocked.

It is well enough for the woman of fifty to use a certain amount of "cerate" on her face (though it is probably useless and will only make it downy); to be careful when she sleeps, that the flesh of her cheek is pulled up, and not down; to take massage and "physical culture," and especially to devote attention to the niceties of dress, being careful not to overdo it. But she must remember that she has reached "a certain age"—and, however she may deplore the fact and determine to conceal it, it will not.

There is something contemptible in trying to hide one's age—unless, perhaps, one's living depends upon it. In most instances, all such efforts are useless. There are vague, but sure, indications, which, to the observing eye, number your years, O woman!—and the most undignified thing which you can do is to try to deceive the matter.

In short, the main effort should be, let us say, to make one's appearance a symphony, as it were, of which one's age is the keynote and of which the details are lost in the beauty and distinction of the whole. It is the only way in which one may, to use the pleasant old phrase, "grow old gracefully."—Boston Post.

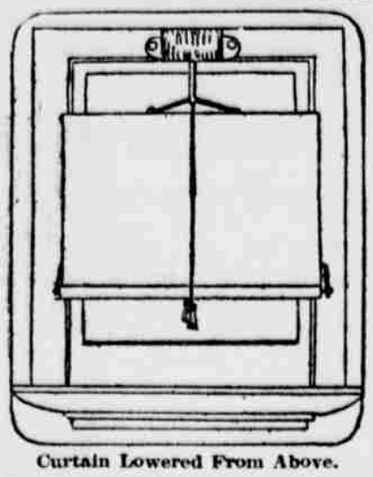
Vegetable Hair.

One of the most interesting though perhaps least known industries of Algeria is the production of vegetable hair. This hair or fiber is made from the dwarf palm which grows in large quantities along the coast of Algeria. A few years ago this plant was looked upon as a useless weed; now it has been found to contain a most useful fiber and is largely sought after. The fiber is an excellent substitute for horsehair and is in great demand among upholsterers, mattress makers, harness makers and carriage builders on the continent for the cheaper grade of goods.

IMPROVED WINDOW SHADE.

Lowered From Top Instead of Raised From the Bottom.

The need of a window shade for household use which could be lowered from the top of the window, allowing the light to enter the room from the upper portion of the window, and yet cover the balance of the window, has long been recognized. Such a window shade, or curtain, is shown in the illustration.



Curtain Lowered From Above.

The ordinary shade is used, with the roller attached to the bottom of the shade instead of to the top. At the top of the shade is a wooden strip to which the supporting cord is secured, the cord running over a pulley at the top of the window and dropping on the inside within easy reach of the hand. In the cord pulley is an attachment for locking the cord, so that the top of the curtain can be held at any point on the window desired. Attached to the roller on the bottom of the curtain is also a cord for lowering the curtain. The advantage of having a window curtain which can be lowered from the top will be instantly recognized.

HOUSEHOLD SUGGESTIONS.

A piece of charcoal put into the pot with boiling onions will absorb most of the odors.

A cup of chopped celery, if added to almost any stuffing for fowls will improve it.

A few grains of rice put in the salt cellar will keep the salt moving when being shaken and avoid its caking.

Place a little peppermint oil in mice holes. This will keep the mice away, as the odor is obnoxious to them.

A bit of sugar added to turnips while cooking helps them wonderfully.

Clean brass pans with vinegar and salt before polishing. This will remove any poisonous corrode and make them fit for use in cooking.

Add a few drops of lemon juice to eggs while being scrambled. It will improve the taste.

Grease the upper inside edge of the pan in which chocolate is being made made and it will not boil over.

When it is not possible to have ice, meat may be kept fresh for several days through very hot weather by immersing it in freshly soured milk. Put the meat into a crock or crockery bowl, cover entirely with the milk and set in a cool place. Change the milk at intervals of twelve hours.

Restless Women.

We all know such women—know them—admire them—and tremble for them! As they stagger to and fro, striving vainly to overtake the tasks which our modern life imposes upon them, we think with sympathy, first of all, for them, and then, if they are wives and mothers, for their husband and children. We own the claims of hospitals and sewing-classes and kindergartens that drag them hither and thither; but if we were to speak to them in that Western vernacular which cried out to the parson who took an hour to preach a twenty-minute sermon, "Brother, don't spread your butter so thin!" we should entreat them to concentrate rather than to scatter their often wasteful, though always well-meant endeavors.—Harper's Bazar.

To Improve Mince Pie.

Mince pie, that ever popular dish may be made much richer and more attractive, if intended for festive occasions, by sprinkling each pie before putting on the upper crust with a few finely chopped figs and walnuts. The housewife who originated this idea for improving a plain pie uses claret instead of cider for moistening. A cranberry pie, with the addition of a few raisins, makes a nice change.

Use Oven Instead of Fry Pan.

Anyone wishing to fry salt pork, bacon or sausages will be well pleased with the result. If they are placed in a baking pan and cooked in a hot oven. Fish, which always spatters your stove, can just as well be baked. Prepare the same as for frying. Put in a baking pan and, if your oven is good and hot, the fish will not need turning. About 20 to 30 minutes is required to fry halibut.

What the World Represents.

Men think they have conquored the world when it yields them the things they want, and all the while it has conquored and captivated them. The world is like a mettlesome, powerful horse—a grand thing for joy and service to the rider as long as he is absolute master of the beast, but how terrible for him if, through [illegible] he loses the [illegible]

WOMAN'S SENSE OF HUMOR.

When Highly Cultivated Often Becomes An Avenging Weapon.

Woman, as a whole, is considered to have no sense of humor.

In fact, her lack of appreciation of a joke is a standard jest among the men folk.

They write funny stories about it and get paid large prices for jokes in comic papers. And all because woman's sense of humor does not lie along the same lines as their own.

The real truth of the matter is that men don't want woman to have a sense of humor. They are afraid of the woman who is very quick to see a joke.

They feel that as she is so quick to see the ridiculous side of things, she will be equally quick to see the ridiculous side of them, and that no man can stand.

Voltaire, who so thoroughly understood mankind, prayed "God, make my enemies ridiculous."

A keen sense of humor makes life much easier for the person who possesses it, but in the case of a woman there is great danger of sacrificing her lovableness at the alter of her humor.

It is better for a woman to be sympathetic than humorous.

The person with a very keen sense of humor is apt to laugh in the wrong place, and is constantly hurting the feelings of others. The funny side always strikes first.

I know of a woman who always sees the funny side of every person. It's intensely amusing to listen to her comments, but you can't help but have an uneasy consciousness that you take your turn with her other victims.

As an entertaining woman she is sought by all men, but no one man seems to fall in love with her. They fight shy of that highly developed sense of humor of hers.

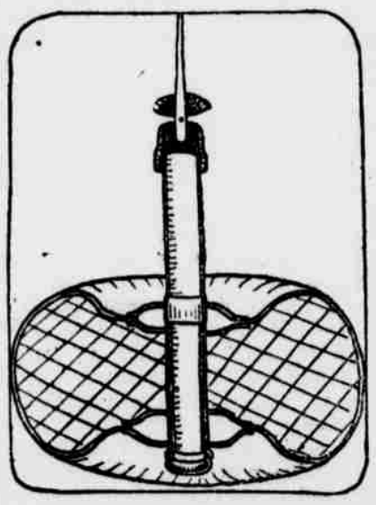
A man of my acquaintance says his chief amusement in life is his wife's failure to see the point in a joke. "She is so deliciously at sea,," he says. "And when she does grasp a point it is never the one you mean."

That man's sense of humor is exceedingly well developed, I should say, when he is able to see a joke in what would drive some people to distraction or divorce.

Humor frequently makes enemies; sympathy invariably makes friends.—New York World.

Quick Needle Threader.

At the upper end of the threader is an opening shaped to hold a needle so that the eyes will register with openings at the sides. These side openings gradually decrease from the outer extremity to the opening registering with eye and



Can't Miss the Needle's Eye.

needle. It is an easy matter to locate the hole in the threader, the passageway of the opening guiding the end of the cotton to the eye of the needle and through to the other side. The threader is surrounded by a pin cushion which keeps it in to its attractiveness.

FASHION'S MANDATE.

Every woman needs an Empire scarf in these days. They are delightful with an Empire or Directoire costume and make a charming accessory to almost any sort of evening dress.

There is a tendency toward Japanese styles just now. Long shoulder effects and drooping sleeves are seen everywhere. This is probably the outcome of the pelerine effects which have been so popular.

There is a great mixture of historical periods shown in the different articles of dress. Hats seem, for the most part, inspired by the Louis XVI day, while gowns still lean toward that of the Empire.

Among the darker waistings are shown some very pretty invisible plaids in green and navy blue. These look well worn with a plain skirt of the same color as the prevailing hue in the waist.

Rules for Carving.

A shoulder of mutton should have the bone part toward the carver, and be cut right across in thick slices.

Sirloin of beef should be placed on the dish with undercut below, then thin slices should be cut from the side next the carver. These are served with pieces of the undercut to each person.

Ham must be carved in long, thin slices, cut through the thick fat down to the bone.

Tongues should be cut in rather thick slices, those in the center being the most delicate. They should be cut across and served with slices taken from each side, and a small piece of fat at the root.

HAIR BRUSH APPLIES TONIC.

Liquid Flows From Teeth of Comb to the Head.

A California man has devised a unique contrivance to assist the man who fears baldness and is trying to effect a cure with hair tonics or restorers. It is well understood that in the applications of all of these hair revivifiers, the tonic must be thoroughly and effectually rubbed

Liquid Drops From Comb.

into the scalp. To apply the liquid and the rubbing to greatest advantage is the purpose of the novel comb. The teeth of the comb are of unusual shape, being curved to conform to the roundness of the head. At one end of the comb he places a reservior and the bulb, small passages connecting the reservoir and the teeth of the comb. The squeeze of the bulb forces the liquid (which is stored in the resevoir) through the teeth of the comb and onto the head. The ease with which the tonic can be applied to the comb will be instantly apparent.

HOME COOKING.

Russian Sandwiches.

Spread zephyrettes with thin slices of cream cheese; cover with chopped olives mixed with mayonnaise. Place a zephyrette over each and press together.

Shrimp Wiggle.

One can shrimps, 1 pint cream, 1 can of peas, 2 tablespoonfuls of flour mixed with water and a tablespoonful of butter. Put milk into chafing dish or double boiler, and just before it boils add the mixed flour and water, stirring constantly to prevent lumping. When thick add shrimp and peas. Cook 15 minutes, and just before serving add butter, salt and a dash of cayenne. Serve with toasted saltines or lettuce sandwiches.

Hickory Nut Cake.

Here is a good recipe for hickory nut cake: Cream a cupful of sugar, half a cupful of butter and add the yolks of two eggs. Sift together two cupfulls of flaur, a teaspoonful of soda. Make a cavity in the center of the flour and pour the other ingredients into it, gradually mixing all together. Add a cupful of hickory nuts and raisins minced; lastly the whites of two eggs. Add just a little milk if the butter needs more moistening. Bake in broad, shallow pans, cut into squares and frost, decorating the top of each square with three hickory nut meats.

New Way to Bake Potatoes.

Take off the rear covers of your range and place the potatoes in the space on top of the oven and replace the covers. It is well to turn them when about half done; the drafts of the stove may be left closed, and in an hour or less the potatoes are evenly baked. This with no watching or extra fire.

Cod Liver Oil As a Food.

Nine persons out of every ten think of cod liver oil as a medicine. Since it is so regarded it has to share the odium of all medicines.

Few people use it unless it is prescribed by a physician. Now, cod liver oil is a medicine in the sense that it is wonderfully effective in the treatment of many diseases. But it is not a medicine in the popularly accepted meaning of the term. That is, it is not a drug. Cod liver oil is primarily a food. Perhaps the most accurate way to describe it would be to call it a medicinal food.

The fact that nothing else equals it as a producer of strength in the body suggests almost unlimited possibilities of use in the diet. Whereas now cod liver oil is rarely taken except as a medicine, it could be used universally as a food with most gratifying results.

It is a curious thing that the elements of cod liver oil have been combined by nature in the making of that oil a skill which surpasses all human chemistry, or even human knowledge. It is an astonishing fact that cod liver oil is so complex that, in spite of the most painstaking analysis and diligent investigation, no man has yet been able to discover any of the elements which enter into its composition.

Mucilage for Darning Dresses.

A novel way of mending a woolen or silk dress in which a hole has been torn, and where only a patch will remedy matters, is the following: The frayed portions around the tear should be very carefully trimmed and smoothed, and a piece of the material moistened with very thin mucilage placed under the hole. A heavy weight should be put upon it until it is dry, when it is only possible to discover the mended place by careful observation.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

MAY COURT JURYMEN.

GRAND JURORS.

Michael Ohl, Catawissa township.
Charles Mordan, Mt. Pleasant.
Charles F. Stine, Cleveland.
William Kline, Benton Boro.
Martin L. Garmard, Berwick.
John Corbet, Bloomsburg.
David Keller, Orange Boro.
C. E. Yorks, Sugarloaf.
Harry Wright, Conyngham.
J. O. Ikeler, Orange twp.
Robert Harder, Berwick.
Clark Bogart, Pine.
Judson Christian, Pine.
J. N. Conner, Centre.
John W. Fortner, Centralia.
Wm. Coffman, Bloomsburg.
Peter J. Deimer, Catawissa Boro.
A. F. Hartman, Catawissa Boro.
Charles E. Hull, Berwick.
John Harp, Mt. Pleasant.
G. P. Wakefield, Berwick.
Charles H. Breisch, Main.
Ranck Patterson, Hemlock.
John R. McAnall, Berwick.

FIRST WEEK.

Z. A. Butt, Benton Boro.
David Faust, Montour.
George Whitenight, Madison.
Harry M. Evans, Berwick.
C. LaRue Eves, Millville.
Charles H. Fritz, Berwick.
Elias Stephens, Jackson.
Wm. Custer, Scott.
Elliott Adams, Berwick.
Charles U. Faus, Pine.
Wm. Dennison, Main.
Richard Hess, Main.
Henry F. Rittenhouse, Briarcreek.
Albert Cole, Sugarloaf.
Rush Harrison, Fishingcreek.
Elwood Kanouse, Scott.
Alf. Burlingame, Scott.
Joshua Womer, Locust.
Boyd Hartzell, Main.
R. C. Kindt, Mt. Pleasant.
Jacob Kindig, Berwick.
J. B. M. Bardo, Madison.
Jacob Sones, Jackson.
Heister White, Mount Pleasant.
W. B. Hess, Fishingcreek.
Albert Mummy, Beaver.
John Kelly, Bloomsburg.
Duval Dixon, Berwick.
John M. Hummel, Fishingcreek.
Ransloe George, Cleveland.
Chester Speary, Benton twp.
Simon R. Karl, Locust.
Samuel W. Baker, Bloomsburg.
Linn Pursel, Millville.
George S Lee, Madison.
Henry Loux, Berwick.
S. E. Ruckle, Orange twp.
John W. Lewis, Bloomsburg.
A. R. Henrie, Mifflin.
Howard Oman, M. Pleasant.
J. D. Henry, Orange Boro.
J. H. Townsend, Scott.
Lloyd Appleman, Benton Boro.
Charles O. Moist, Madison.
John W. Masteller, Bloomsburg.
Taylor Ruckle, Montour.
Valentine Stout, Sugarloaf.
Alfred B. Cole, Millville.

SECOND WEEK.

Howard Pursel, Bloomsburg.
L. E. Schwartz, Bloomsburg.
Edward Levan, Conyngham.
J. E. Sands, Mt. Pleasant.
John G. Laubach, Sugarloaf.
Boyd Fry, Bloomsburg.
Evan Buckalew, Benton Boro.
Bruce Calandar, Briarcreek.
Aaron Trexler, Conyngham.
Charles Berger, Catawissa Boro.
Lorenza D. Rohrbach, Franklin.
Joseph Heacock, Greenwood.
Charles Smith, Madison.
Isaac Martz, Briarcreek.
Adam Brocius, Catawissa Boro.
Wesley Smith, Mt. Pleasant.
Pierce Keifer, Centre.
G. W. Vanlieu, Fishingcreek.
Mordical Yocum, Jackson.
Iram D. Pitall, Pine.
Daniel Derr, Mifflin.
Jessie O. Edwards, Berwick.
Joe Hippensteel, Scott.
C. W. McKelvy, Bloomsburg.
Freas Hunsinger, Berwick.
Thos. Mensch, Catawissa twp.
Elias Geiger, Montour.
Clarence F. Redline, Mifflin.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought

Women Who Wear Well.

It is astonishing how great a change a few years of married life will make in the appearance and disposition of many women. The freshness, the charm, the brilliance vanish like the bloom from a peach which is rudely handled. The matron is only a dim shadow, a faint echo of the charming maiden. There are two reasons for this change, ignorance and neglect. Few young women appreciate the shock to the system through the change which comes with marriage. Many neglect to deal with the unpleasant drains which are often consequent on marriage and motherhood, not understanding that this secret drain is robbing the cheek of its freshness and the form of its fairness. As surely as the general health suffers when there is derangement of the health of the delicate womanly organs, so surely when these organs are established in health the face and form at once witness to the fact in renewed comliness. Half a million women and more have found health and happiness in the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It makes weak women strong and sick women well. Ingredients on label.

When a man is old and ugly, and his wife is young and beautiful, it is a sure sign he is rich.

Life Guards.

The Life Guards are two regiments of cavalry forming part of the British household troops. They are gallant soldiers, and every loyal British heart is proud of them. Not only the King's household, but yours, ours, everybody's should have its life guards. The need of them is especially great when the greatest foes of life, diseases, find allies in the very elements, as colds, influenza, catarrh, the grip, and pneumonia do in the stormy month of March. The best way that we know of to guard against these diseases is to strengthen the system with Hood's Sarsaparilla—the greatest of all life guards. It removes the conditions in which these diseases make their most successful attack, gives vigor and tone to all the vital organs and functions, and imparts a genial warmth to the blood. Remember the weaker the system the greater the exposure to disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the system strong.

Trespass Notices.

Card signs "No Trespassing" for sale at this office. They are printed in accordance with the late act of 1903. Price 5 cents each. tf

Some men can't pass a saloon any more than a woman can pass a bargain counter.

CANCER CURED To Stay Cured
without pain, inconvenience, or leaving home. NO KNIFE—NO PLASTER—NO PAIN
The MASON METHOD, indorsed at the International Medical Congress and pronounced by prominent New York physicians to be the only permanent cure. Send for free booklet. Investigate to-day. Cancer does not wait. We give proof of cures. Mason Cancer Institute, Livesday cor. 76th St., N.Y.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C. Mar. 9, 1907.

With fine disregard for what Congress thought in the matter, the President by executive order created 17,000,000 acres more of forest reserves just before Congress passed a bill designed to prohibit this method of withdrawing land from settlement. Of course the President will enforce the law as it stands on the statute books. He said while police Commissioner in New York that the best way to kill a bad law was to enforce it. But evidently he saw no need of enforcing what he considered an unwise law before he actually had to. Hence the additional reserves. By the way, they are not forest reserves any longer. They are "national forests," a term that is not half so convenient and that will be long in coming into general use.

There is a good deal of misapprehension about what a forest reserve actually is, and while the subject is still hot from discussion in Congress, it may be well to explain that it is not a selfish withdrawal of land for use by the general government as many people have been led to suppose. What it practically amounts to under the management of the present Forest Service is an executive prevention of land stealing. In nearly all the reserves there are scattered but in the aggregate large tracts of good homestead and farming land. None of this is withdrawn from entry and all of it can be and eventually will be settled just as though it were on any other part of the public domain. There are hundreds of thousands of acres of valuable grazing lands. These are open to lease and legitimate use by the cattle interests but under such restrictions that the land will not be "grazed out" and besides getting a good revenue from it, the land will be actually improved. Mineral lands in the forest reserves can be prospected and located just as well as any other public mineral land and the timber is conserved for the use of the miners just when and where they need it most. The forests are protected from fires and the game is preserved. Altogether the Forest Service has been excellently managed and has been productive of much more money for the public and the general government than has ever been spent on it by appropriation.

***

The Treasury is now after the Standard Oil Company for a big steal in customs duties that shows to much better advantage the company's thrift in seizing an opportunity than it does its moral sense. Charges have been formally made that during the occupation of the Philippines in 1901 the Standand Oil Company was withdrawing oil from the bonded warehouse free for the use of the Quartermaster's Department and paying a duty of $1.-01 a case on what was withdrawn and sold to the general public. This was right enough under the law, but it appears that the company withdrew 20,000 more cases duty free than it ever delivered to the Quartermaster and when the duty on oil was afterward lowered to 40 cents it withdrew and paid the lower authorities, thus clearing 61 cents on a trifle less than 20,000 cases of oil. This little discrepancy was discovered by the present collector at Manila and now the Standard Oil Company will have the pleasure of explaining it in court.

***

It is stated that the President has by no means given up hope on the ship subsidy bill and that this will be one of the first measures introduced at the next session of Congress. He has had a number of conferences with representative Humphreys of Washington on the future of the bill. Mr. Roosevelt is going to Indianapolis on May 31st for the unveiling of the Lawton Monument and it is said that he intends then to deliver a speech that will give his views on the measure and receive quite as wide publicity as did his last message to Congress.

***

Another matter the President does not intend to let lie idle is the investigation into child labor conditions throughout the country. Authorization for this inquiry was granted by Congress at the last session, and an attempt was made to prescribe the Census Office as the office to do the work. This attempt, it will be remembered failed, and while the work will be done by the Department of Commerce and Labor, it will be put where it naturally belongs under the direction of the Bureau of Labor. Congress also knew the fondness of the president for having investigations carried on by men whom he personally knew and trusted, so a provision was put in the law that the work should be done only by regularly qualified employees in the classified service. But it is understood that the President wants part of the work at least done by Jas. B. Reynolds his friend who did the packing house investigation and to this end there will be a special civil service examination held and the name of Mr. Reynolds will be certified to the president for selection. The President will not turn him down.

***

Fear is expressed that unless there is some definite assurance of action by the next congress on a reciprocity treaty that France will enforce the maximum tariff against the exports of this country. Now that the tariff question has been satisfactorily settled for a time at least with Germany, it is only natural that France should be anxious and be stirring this country up to action. Whether any treaty can be passed or not is a serious question. But there is a reciprocity treaty with France negotiated eight years ago by Hon. John Kasson of the State Department that has been lying in a Senate pigeon-hole ever since. Many people have doubtless forgotten the incident, but it might be a good time to bring the treaty out and dust it.

Pennsylvania contributes the winner of the first prize of $1,500 offered by the WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION in its prize cover design competition recently concluded. Earl Stetson Crawford, the Pennsylvania artist who heads the list of five prize winners, was born in Philadelphia in 1877. He studied under Whistler, Bougereau, Ferrier and Puvis de Chavannes in Paris, and was a pupil of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts. He is also the author of "The Gentler Side of Whistler." Mr. Crawford's specialty in art work is mural decoration.

The prize cover competition held by the WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION offered cash prizes aggregating $3,500. The jury, consisting of Sir Jasper Purdon Clarke, director of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, Robert J. Collier, of *Collier's weekly*, Will H. Low, Alexander W. Drake, of the *Century Magazine* and I. H. Chapin, of *Scribner's Magazine*, awarded the prizes as follows: First prize, $1,500, E. Stetson Crawford; second prize, $1,-000, Louis Cox; thirp prize, $500, H. C. Wall; fourth prize $250, Blanche Greer, and fifth prize $250, Herman Pfeifer. More than four thousand designs were submitted during the competition, a number coming from England, France, Japan, Canada and the West Indies.

The competition was conducted on extremely simple lines, there being no restriction as to sex, nationality or creed. The number of colos and the medium of expression were left to the artist, the only stipulation being that each design should be made in proper proportions to reduce to the magazine cover size of 10 inches by 14½ inches.

Louise Cox, whose design won the second prize in the contest, is the wife of Kenyon Cox, and is a painter of note. A pupil of the National Academy of Design, Mrs. Cox received the third Halligarten prize of the Academy, and also won a bronze medal at the Paris Exposition, 1900, silver medal at the Pan-American Exposition and a medal at the St. Louis Exposition.

H. C. Wall and Herman Pfeifer, winners of the third and fifth prizes respectively, are pupils of Howard Pyle; and Blanche Greer is one of the newer artists whose work is forcing recognition.

The WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION'S cover design contest is notable, inasmuch as it affords the first instance where a single prize of $1,-500 has been offered for similar art work.

Grippe or Influenza, whichever you like to call it, is one of the most weakening diseases known.

***Scott's Emulsion,* which is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in easily digested form, is the greatest strength-builder known to medical science.**

It is so easily digested that it sinks into the system, making new blood and new fat, and strengthening nerves and muscles.

Use *Scott's Emulsion* after Influenza.

Invaluable for Coughs and Colds.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

May Mean an Early Spring

Cold Weather at Date Regarded as Favorable Sign.

In discoursing upon the weather the Danville *News* says: According to the calandar there is considable less than two weeks of winter remaining. Toward midday the sun has a cheering warmth and an invigorating influence about it that is slightly suggestive of spring.

Beyond this it might be the middle of January, so far as the weather conditions go. Every night mercury goes down to within ten or a dozen degrees of zero. During the midday the snow, where the sun has full effect, melts slightly, but as a rule the ground is still frozen hard and the roads are solid.

These are conditions that ought to call forth no complaint, as it is well understood by persons who have observed the vagaries of the weather that a cold first half of March means milder weather toward the last of the month, or, in other words, that "if March comes in like a lion, it will go out like a lamb"—all of which will imply conditions in line with an early spring.

Let us hope, therefore, that each day of this crisp, invigorating weather will bring forth another just like it. Such weather is conducive to good health; it keeps the roads solid, while the snow protects the wheat and grass, insuring, with favorable conditions later on, a good crop of both.

We will enjoy spring with its balmy sunshine and awakening nature all the more when it comes, and under any conditions, when the thaw sets in there will be quite enough mud to contend with and of deceitful, changeable weather to dampen our spirits.

We are prepared to furnish the *Woman's Home Companion* for 50 cents a year when taken with THE COLUMBIAN. The two for only $1.50. Send in your name while the offer lasts. tf.

For Trial Divorce.

The minister and his wife who recently separated for a period of three years, meaning to seek a divorce if after that lapse of time they were so minded, have introduced a happy idea. Instead of the trial marriage, why not the trial divorce? Three years should enable an uncongenial pair to decide whether divorce is the realm of perfect bliss it seems to those wishing to enter it.—*New York Tribune.*

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

The American People Are Great Savers

The Habit of Saving Against a Rainy Day is Growing With the People.

The *North American* Sunday said: How many people, outside of political revolution, have dreamed of a time when poorhouses, homes for the aged and poverty in the home would be reduced to an unheard-of minimum, almost unknown, in fact? Such Utopian pictures have been drawn by writers of the More and Bellamy order—have been painted from the pulpit and elaborated in the schoolroom—but always dependent upon change in the social and political system. But now such a condition seems actually promised—not through a substitution of cooperative rule for the individual form of government, but through the tendency of individuals to think more seriously of the future. By easy evolution, we have become a nation—a world—of savers. The world's "stocking for a sore foot" is stuffed almost to bursting with money. Firmly has the "rainy day fund" idea taken a hold on the times. Almost every one has the "laying-by" habit. In the United States savings bank deposits last year were $206,467,000 more than in 1905. In Great Britain and Ireland one person in every four and a half has a savings account. France is teaching the saving habit in the public schools, and has helped peasants to own $5,000,000,000 worth of government bonds. Italy and Holland have postal banks for savings; Uncle Sam has given the same institution to the Philippines, and his people at home are demanding it. Banks in some American cities have arranged to remain open all night to suit the convenience of depositors. Farmers all over the country are establishing grange banks. American teachers are aiding public school children to run accounts. A bootblack the other day announced that he had $5,000 on deposit—all saved from his toil. Building and loan societies have increased their membership 100,000 in four years. Is it difficult to foresee poverty finally routed by this growing knight, Thrift? For it is laying the foundations of the fortunes of the morrow.

"Keep Your Head Cool"

"Your conscience clear and your bowels open." There is a ton of common-sense in it. Constipation is death in life. The intestines are clogged with matter. You must move it or be sick—fever possibly. Take Dr. David Kennedys, Favorite Remedy until the bowels are clear and natural. Write Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle. Large bottles $1.00, all druggists.

A Bill That Should Pass.

An anti-spitting bill has been introduced by Representative Gillette, of Philadelphia. A preamble to the bill recites that the deposit of sputum in public places is a nuisance and a source of filth and one of the causes of the dissemination of tuberculosis and other diseases. The bill prohibits spitting upon any paved sidewalk or footpath or upon the floors, passageways, stairways or platforms of public halls, markets, theatres, railway stations, office or other buildings or indoor places resorted to by the public, or upon any part of any ferry-boat, railway car or other public vehicle carrying passengers for hire. Those in charge of such buildings and vehicles shall keep copies of this prohibition conspicuously posted and janitors, conductors etc., shall call the attention of violations to the act. Cuspidors, in proper number, must be provided and disinfected at least once a day. The penalty for violation of the act is a fine of $5.

HUMPHREYS'

Specifics cure by acting directly on the *sick parts* without disturbing the rest of the system.

No. 1	for	Fevers.
No. 2	"	Worms.
No. 3	"	Teething.
No. 4	"	Diarrhea.
No. 7	"	Coughs.
No. 8	"	Neuralgia.
No. 9	"	Headaches.
No. 10	"	Dyspepsia.
No. 11	"	Suppressed Periods.
No. 12	"	Whites.
No. 13	"	Croup.
No. 14	"	The Skin.
No. 15	"	Rheumatism.
No. 16	"	Malaria.
No. 19	"	Catarrh.
No. 20	"	Whooping Cough.
No. 27	"	The Kidneys.
No. 30	"	The Bladder.
No. 77	"	La Grippe.

In small bottles of pellets that fit the vest pocket. At Druggists or mailed, 25c. each.

Medical Guide mailed free.

Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Streets, New York.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss
Lucas County, }

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY,

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(SEAL.) A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 25, 1906

Trains leave EASTON as follows:

For Nescopeck and Wilkes-Barre, 7:50, 10:46 a. m., 2:18 (4:28 Nescopeck only), 6:20 p. m. Week-days.

For Catawissa and Sunbury, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays 4:07 p. m.

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7:50 10:46 a. m., 2.45, 6.20 p. m. week-days.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7 50 a. m., 4:28 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7:50 10:46 a. m., 4.28, 6.20 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, and Ridgway 11 47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8:25 a. m., 4:07 p. m.; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 7:50, 11:47 a. m. 4:07, 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 m. Sundays.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8:25, 11:47 a. m, week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; 4:07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8.25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays, 4:07 p. m.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8:25 a. m., 4.07 7.25 p. m. week days; 4:07 daily; via Lewistown Junction, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days; via Lock Haven, 8:25, 11:47 a m. week-days.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passr Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 11, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.27 via West Milton; 11:30 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7:27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12 20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.32 p.m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R R.

From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY
7:30 a. m. Lcl.	4:00 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp	(60 Minutes)	4:15 p. m.
11:30 a. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m.
2:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	SEA ISLE CITY
	7:15 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
	SUNDAYS.	
ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY,
8:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.*	8:45 a.m.
9:00 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
10:00 a. m. Exp.		

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut St., 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3262 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT

June 1 1904, and until Further Notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m

First car leaves Catawissa Sunda at 7:30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

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A Few Excelling Features

First-class in material and workmanship.
Uses universal key board—writes 84 characters.
Simple construction—Fewest parts.
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Extra great manifolding power.
Unexcelled for mimeograph stencil cutting.
Inked by ribbon, as in $100 machine
Visible writing—no carriage to lift.
Style of type changed if desired in few seconds.
Light, easily carried—weighs only 10½ pounds.
The lowest priced practical typewriter.
Every machine fully guaranteed.
Why pay $100 for a typewriter when the Postal, which will do just the same work as well, as easily and as quickly will cost you only $25.
Why tie up that $75 where you derive no benefit from it?
This machine can be seen at the COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Postal Typewriter Company
8-2 4mo. Norwalk Conn.

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect March 1st., 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	*6 45	†10 00	†1.55	*5 27
Cameron	6 56	.....	12 13	5 36
Danville	7 05	6 19	2 11	5 44
Catawissa	7 19	10 32	2 25	5 58
Rupert	7 24	10 37	2 29	6 03
Bloomsburg	7 31	10 41	2 35	6 09
Espy	7 36	10 46	2 40	6 13
Lime Ridge	7 41	10 51	12 48	6 23
Willow Grove	7 46	.....	12 53	.....
Briarcreek	7 48	.....	12 56	6 33
Berwick	7 54	11 02	2 58	6 39
Beach Haven	8 00	11 07	3 03	6 44
Hick's Ferry	8 08	11 12	3 09	6 49
Shickshinny	8 20	11 25	3 20	6 59
Hunlock's	8 30	.....	3 31	7 07
Nanticoke	8 37	11 39	3 38	7 14
Avondale	8 40	.....	3 42	7 22
Plymouth	8 44	11 47	3 47	7 26
Plymouth Junction	8 47	.....	3 52	.....
Kingston	8 50	11 50	4 00	7 38
Luzerne	8 58	11 58	4 05	7 43
Forty Fort	19 05	.....	4 07	.....
Wyoming	9 05	12 05	4 12	7 48
West Pittston	9 10	.....	4 17	7 53
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	12 11	4 20	7 56
Pittston	9 19	12 14	4 24	8 01
Duryea	9 23	.....	4 29	8 06
Old Forge	9 26	.....	4 32	8 10
Taylor	9 32	.....	4 40	8 17
SCRANTON	*9 42	† 2 35	4 50	*8 25
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 35	10 20	1 55	*6 40
Taylor	6 44	10 30	2 03	6 49
Old Forge	6 50	10 36	2 10	6 55
Duryea	6 53	10 39	2 13	6 58
Pittston	6 57	10 44	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave	7 00	10 47	2 19	7 04
West Pittston	7 04	10 51	2 23	7 09
Wyoming	7 09	10 56	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort	.....	.....	12 31	.....
Luzerne	7 16	11 02	2 34	7 19
Kingston	7 24	11 08	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plymouth	7 33	11 17	2 49	7 34
Avondale	7 37	.....	2 54	.....
Nanticoke	7 41	11 25	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's	7 47	11 34	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny	7 57	11 44	3 20	7 58
Hick's Ferry	8 08	11 54	3 30	8 08
Beach Haven	8 14	12 00	3 37	8 14
Berwick	8 22	12 07	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek	.....	12 12	12 50	.....
Willow Grove	.....	.....	12 54	8 29
Lime Ridge	8 33	12 18	3 58	8 33
Espy	.....	12 23	4 06	8 39
Bloomsburg	8 45	12 29	4 12	8 45
Rupert	8 49	12 34	4 15	8 50
Catawissa	8 53	12 38	4 20	8 55
Danville	9 07	12 51	4 32	9 10
Cameron	9 14	11 01	4 43	.....
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 25	*1 12	†1 55	9 35
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

*Daily. † Daily except Sunday. ‡ Stops on signal or notice to conductor.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1906, 12:05 a m.

NORTHWARD.

	21 A.M. ‡	P.M. †	P.M. ‡	A.M
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 08
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	.....
Bloomsburg Main St	9 05	2 42	6 20	.....
Paper Mill	9 15	2 52	6 30	6 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 52	7 08
Zaners	9 40	3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons	10 09	3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	10 03	3 40	7 21	8 16
Laubachs	10 08	3 45	7 3.	8 40
Grass Mere Park	10 10	3 47	7 38	.....
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M. †	A M. †	P.M. ‡	A.M. §	22 A.M. ‡
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central	5 54	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	f6 01	f7 12	f4 47	f11 00	.....
Laubachs	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 52
Coles Creek	f6 12	11 06	4 53	7 22	12 06
Edsons	6 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	f6 35	f11 29	5 17	f7 45	12 53
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 4	5 31	8 00	1 20
Light Street	7 00	11 50	39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 56
Bloom. Main St	7 13	12 02	5 53	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily § Sunday only. f Flag stop.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt

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STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

Capital $100,000. Undivided Profits $30.000. Surplus $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MAKE NO MISTAKE BUT DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS IN THE STRONGEST BANK.

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J. M Staver,	M. I. Low,	Louis Gross,	H. V. Hower.

THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1907

The Democratic Chance.

Mayor McClellan, of New York, expressed the sentiments of a great part of the American people when he said in his Princeton speech:

We seldom stop to consider that the policy of masterly inactivity may sometime serve the State far better than one of misdirected action. Nothing would be better for the public health than a reaction from the present condition of overwrought governmental activity, and a period of quiet and of calm in which questions that really need solution could be solved."

The President has informed Congress that in the judgment of himself, as well as of the Interstate Commerce Commission, the transportation business cannot be carried on without violation of laws. That fact alone ought to shake the country's belief that the Congress which enacts the greatest number of laws is the most useful one. Mayor McClellan is right in saying that both parties are suffering from this itch for legislation; it is very contagious.

The country needs a Democratic party that will be true to its conservative history and traditions, and the party needs a leader who will call it back to its old standards, those under which it has rarely been defeated. The Democratic party is suffering from the fact that it has been in the opposition until nearly all elements of opposition, not only to the Republican party, but to American traditions and to all sound governmental policies, have joined it, and these discordant elements have become great enough to affect the course of the party. No party infected with Populism or Socialism will be trusted by the American people.

The growing opposition to extreme Protectionism, the revulsion from extreme centralization, the dislike of rapidly increasing expenditures on the army and navy, create conditions extraordinarily favorable to the prospects of the Democratic party in the election next year, but only the historic Democratic party can win. No Populist or Socialist aggregation under the Democratic name can carry the election.—*Phila. Record.*

Cochran's Bill Passed.

When the bill pensioning the Pennsylvania soldiers and sailors of the Civil war from $5 to $10 a month according to the lengthy of service, was taken up for third reading, Mr. Roberts, of Montgomery, moved that it be sent to the appropriations committee. Hon. J. Henry Cochran, of Williamsport, the author of the bill, in opposing the motion, said the Senate should vote on the measure, and not send it to the committee to be killed. He explained that the bill was similar to a law now in force in Maine and should be passed because it was a meritorious one. The Roberts motion failed by a vote of 29 to 13. The bill then passed finally by a vote of 42 to 1, Mr. Roberts voting in the negative.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought

JUDGE KRICKBAUM'S FIGHT.

The Milton *Record* of last week says:

Associate Judge William Krickbaum is going to have a lively scramble to retain his seat on the bench He is a candidate for re-election and all the antis are lined up against him. There are three other candidates for the honor, all of whom are old time politicians with plenty of friends and foes. The contest will be watched with interest.

Reform Talk that is Rubbish.

We have the assurance of Speaker McClain, of the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, that the campaign pledges made in the Republican platform, and by the Republican candidate for governor on the stump, last fall, are to be fulfilled. This is encouraging so far as it goes. The pledges embraced all sorts of reforms and were declared with such emphasis that keeping them must work the best possible results to the people. Two cent a mile passenger rates, trolley freights, more liberal appropriations to schools, greater generosity in road building, the enforcement of the constitution, better election laws and economy in administration were all promised in the platform or by the candidate.

Thus far nothing has been done toward the maintenahce of faith with the people and in the face of the record Speaker McClain's talk is of little consequence. There was a two-cent a mile rate bill passed in the House previous to the spring election recess but it was so palpably a fraud that railroad magnates derisively laughed it through its final reading. Speaker McClain could have corrected its faults. A word from him would have given it adequacy. But he didn't speak the word. On the contrary he contributed his influence to the farce of passing it and joined in the ridicule of its inefficiency. It "was a good enough Morgan" until after the February election and he was satisfied.

In so far as the Republican platform and candidate promised increased appropriations, we have no doubt the pledges will be kept. The school appropriation will be increased from two to four millions, the road fund will be enlarged and the appropriation to the health department will be augmented for there are opportunities for graft in the expenditure of money and there is politics in the manipulation of these departments. But there will be no adequate legislation to enforce the constitution, no effective legislation regulating railroad rates or trolley freights and no election reforms. Nobody knows these things better than Speaker McClain either, and his talk on the subject is rubbish.—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

Ask Your Own Doctor

If he tells you to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for your severe cough or bronchial trouble, then take it. If he has anything better, then take that. We have great confidence in this medicine. So will you, when you once know it.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Keep the bowels open with one of Ayer's Pills at bedtime, just one.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Probably the most important public question that agitates the public mind, is the "Public School" question. Probably no other question so deeply concerns every individual as the question of education.

It is in reality a personal matter that should interest, even the most thoughtless and unconcerned. What is a community, where no intelligence is shed over it, to brighten society, through the influence of the public schools and literary attainments. Outside of the God given endowments of superior instincts and crude knowledge it could not be compared otherwise than acolony of brute existence.

When we consider what education has done, and is doing for every community, we need not be surprised that the most philanthropic people, at great sacrifice, are engaged and interested in its progress and development.

And the more should all the people be interested, for the reason that the system of education is gradually, as it progresses, costing them more tax and money, and they should thoroughly study the question, to see whether they get worth of their money for the intellectual improvement of their children, and if not, have to remedy the system to an efficiency that they will get the worth of their money. The degree of intelligence of every community, must necessarily depend, not only upon our public schools, but the efficiency upon which our public schools are conducted.

All reasonable parents pride themselves when their children make rapid progress in their studies, and deportment of school conduct, under the leadership and instruction of competent teachers, and under no reasonable circumstances will the parents keep their children out of school, when in care of faithful and persevering teachers. In such schools the children's time is regarded as far more valuable than money. With such teachers tardiness and truancy are things unknown among their pupils.

Such teachers are public benefactors and highly commended by appreciative communities where such acceptable services are rendered. As education is above all things most desirable and valuable, the services of such teachers are, also above all consideration the most valuable that can be rendered to any community and they should be properly compensated therefor.

But since so many young people aspire to be pedagogues, an ambition so highly laudable, and honorable, and for which, so many acquire the necessary intellectual qualifications at a sacrifice of much time and money, but book learning alone, evidently, does not properly qualify, nor fit teachers for the school room, since so many prove miserable failures.

Since the teachers' salary is gradually rising and the people are so highly taxed to keep the schools open the required length of time, and as it so often happens, in nearly all school districts, that some teachers, who are employed render such poor services that are more detrimental than beneficial, whereby not only the taxpayers are robbed, but their children are robbed of their time and opportunity, which are far more valuable than gold or silver. Hence the question so often asked, at every term of school, and a burning question it is, whether such teachers should be allowed to continue their schools to the end of the term for which they were employed. We often hear the expression, "Better pay the teacher for the whole term, send him home, and save the fuel." Time wasted with children at school is not only lost, but irredeemable. Opportunities have fled which if properly utilized, would have developed into a mine of wealth, in the store of knowledge.

In ordinary business transactions all contracts are null and void whenever no equivalents are rendered for value received.

A poor school is the product of a poor teacher, and both are a poor excuse in our day, when the cost of education comes so high. Such schools are very, very dear, at no cost at all.

We never hear complaints against a high salaried teacher who renders acceptable service and under whom the children make rapid progress. But whenever a teacher fails to render satisfaction, the wail of complaint is heard far and near.

Not only do patrons of schools and their children know when they are imposed upon by an incompetent teacher, whose inability bears testimony in external, as well as internal accomplishment of his or her jurisdiction over school government in and out of the school. But the casual observer, and passerby, who happen to travel past the schools of the county, see many signs of evidence on the school grounds, whereby they can judge the character of the school. It is often noticed that school houses are hit with mud balls, leaving stains the size of the ball, and the lot strewed promiscuously over with debris of various sorts, all of which are an index of what going is on within the schoolroom. A school without order within and without is no better than no school at all.

J. C. WENNER.

TEACHER'S PENSION BILL DEAD.

With hardly a dissenting voice, the house of representatives last week killed the teachers' pension bill, on second reading, and the membershad a lot of fun doing it.

Scarcely had the bill been read when Representative Dunmore, Republican, of Tioga, offered an amendment that not only teachers, but all persons attaining the age of 70 years, who had for twenty-five years been good and faithful citizens of the State, be made eligible for the pension of $150 per year which the bill provides. The house accepted the amendment amid laughter and cheers.

Representative Marvin, Republican, of Pike, contributed his share to the entertainment by following with an amendment that, instead of teaching thirty years, as the bill provided, teachers should serve seventy-five years before being eligible for pensions. With a whoop of merriment this amendment was also adopted.

A third amendment was proposed by Representative Pratt, Republican, of Allegheny, providing that female teachers should be retired at the age of 60. As the house was not playing any favorites this was also tacked on the bill, and at once drew forth a point of order from Representative Blakslee, Democrat, of Carbon.

Blakslee presented what he termed a point of order, saying that the bill was impossible of fulfilment as amended, for it provided for retiring women at the age of 60, and that no woman would admit that she was 60.

Speaker McClain smiled broadly and admitted that the point was well taken, but nevertheless, decided to submit it to the house.

In a mighty shout the members sustained Blakslee, and the bill fell.

There was little time from the measure's inception when it was not virtually certain it would fail. Not only is there a general sentiment against civic pension lists among a large proportion of the members, solely on the merits of the question, but the constitution is quoted as being against any pensions except for military service.

The last lecture in the Normal Course was given Monday night by Dr. Edward B. McDowell, on the Panama Canal. The pictures including some motion pictures, made it a very interesting entertainment.

On With the Dance.

Evidently it is the opinion of our Solons at Harrisburg that now we have constructed a $13,000,000 Capitol on the basis of a $4,500,000 appropriation for a complete structure, we shall go further on the same line of procedure. We must put fringes on our frills. The Park is not big enough. One million dollars must be expended to make the inclosure conform to the dignity of the magnificent thing inclosed.

This is not the end. It has been suggested that the Executive Mansion is totally out of keeping with the gilded and bespangled luxury of the Executive office in the Capitol. Here is a saddening incongruity. Of course, the people of Pennsylvania will never endure to see their Governor, so splendidly housed in his working place during the day, obliged to eat his meals and lodge in the squalid Front street quarters of his late predecessors. No, no! Perish the thought!

There is still a good round pile of money in the Treasury. Berry may kick. The schools may go lame. There will be a little less money for good roads and hospitals. But who cares? Wasn't the gang vindicated? Shall we not live up to our thirteen-million-dollar standard? Whoop! As Corporal Tanner once observed, when the Democrats went out and the Grand Old Party came in: "Now, God help the surplus!"—*Phila. Record.*

TOWNSEND

SPRING LINES

ARE COMING IN EVERY DAY

As we do not get possession of our new store until April 1st we are compelled to open up our lines in our old stand.

TOWNSEND'S

THE NEW DRESS GOODS OF SPRING

Are Now on Display.

Excel them? Impossible! Equal them? Try! We are proud of our selections—eager for you to see them—confident of your approval.

For with the greatest care we have picked and chosen and purchased, and know that there are not to be found more worthy and beautiful representatives of the newest and best in Spring Dress Goods.

Novelty and exclusiveness are the features of the gathering, and some of the rarest combinations of weaves, color and effects ever manufactured are included. Certainly the display is the superior of any in this section, and you need go no farther in your search for modish fabrics of the moment. Make your selections early, when the fabric, the weaves, and the color combinations are sure to delight you.

PANAMAS in gray mixtures—many of them, all different, and yet gray, 36 in. wide, 50c yard.

PANAMAS 42 inches wide—in all the spring colors, 79 cents the yard.

PANAMAS 46 inches wide in Stripes, Checks and Plaids in Grays—plain colors in two shades of Blue, Myrtle Green, and Garnet, $1.00 the yard.

PANAMAS 50 inches wide in all colors and black—a special value for $1 the yd.

PANAMAS 56 inches wide—Stripes, Checks, Plaids and over plaids in Gray, Plain Blue and Plain Black $1.50 the yard.

CHIFFON PANAMA 40 in. wide in Black, Cream and all of the new spring colors $1.00 a yard.

WOOL CREPES 42 inches wide in all the evening shades, 75c and $1 a yard.

EOLIENNES 42 inches wide in Blue, Cream, Gray and Black, $1 the yard.

PRUNELLA 44 in. wide in all Colors and Black, $1.00 the yard.

STORM SERGES and CHEVIOTS in Blue and Black—steam shrunk and ready to make, 36 to 54 in. wide—prices from 50c up to $1.50 the yard.

FANCY SUITINGS 36 inches wide—Checks and Plaids in the newest Spring Colorings—a window full of them, 50c the yard.

COLLINGDALES 42 inches wide—in all of the prevailing colors, $1.15 a yard. The Black at $1 per yard.

NUNS VEILING 43 inches wide, in all the newest Spring shades, Cream and Black, 1 yard.

WOOL TAFFETAS 40 in. wide in all the new Spring Colors, Black and Cream $1

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

Before that cough turns into a serious throat or lung trouble, stop it with

Jayne's Expectorant Cures Coughs and Colds

It has proved its real value during 75 years.
Ask your druggist for it.

EVANS' SHOE STORE

Why not have the best?

40 Styles of beautiful Oxfords and Shoes to Select From.

EASTER

Patent Leather, Vici Kid, Patent Colt, Gun Metal,

PRICES, $1.00 to $4.00

Styles and workmanship Supreme.

The Progressive Shoe Store

Chas. M. Evans

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1907

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1886.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Cheap Clubbing Offer.

We have arranged to supply some excellent literature at a very low price. They are the following:

COLUMBIAN and *American Farmer* - - - $1.00
Regular price $1.50.

COLUMBIAN and New York Thrice a Week *World* $1.50
Regular price $2.00.

COLUMBIAN and *Woman's Home Companion* - $1.50
Regular price $2.00.

The latter is a splendid magazine with a circulation of 600,000. In form it is like the *Ladies' Home Journal*, and is fully equal to it in every respect. Take advantage of this unusual offer now. Don't wait. tf.

Calendar pads for 1907 at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Visiting cards and Wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN office. tf

Supervisors' Blanks.

We have printed a supply of blanks for Supervisors under the new law, and will keep them in stock. They include order books, tax notices, and daily road reports. Samples sent on application. tf.

Souvenir Post Cards are printed at this office. Half tones supplied. tf.

Paper napkins and doilies at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home, in New York. Cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. *They never fail.* At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 3-7-4t.

Eleven patients are now being treated at the hospital.

Geo. B. Hummer of Elk Grove was in town on Tuesday.

Raymond Buckalew is confined to his home with an attack of diphtheria.

Ground has been broken for the new office addition to the Magee Carpet Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude K. Bittenbender of Washington, D. C. are visiting here. They were recently married.

The work of training a base ball and track team will soon be commenced at the Normal by Prof. Bryant.

The congregation of St. John's Lutheran Church of Catawissa, has decided to purchase a new pipe organ to cost about $3100.

Miss Crist, living at William Lowenberg's on Fourth Street, is ill with diphtheria. Mr. Lowenberg and family are at his mother's, and the patient's mother is taking care of her at the house, which is quarantined.

There is a certain spot on the pavement of Main street, right in the business center of the town, that has not been cleaned off this winter. It has been covered either with mud or ice for several months. If it is not the business of the street commissioner to look after such places, the office might as well be abolished.

Some chicken thief seems to be plying his vocation just for the fun of wringing the chickens' necks. A bag containing 14 chickens with their necks wrung off was found along the creek by a son of Policeman Baum. Last week a lot of chickens were stolen from Mrs. G. W. Correll, and their heads left lying outside the coop. It is said there is a clew as to the identity of the thief.

Dr. Walter C. Shaw of Williamsport, resident physician at the hospital in that city, has resigned, and on April 1st will move to Jamison City, and take charge of the practice of Dr. Smithgall, who will locate in Lairdsville.

Hon. Fred Ikeler addressed an audience of over one hundred men last Sunday afternoon at Berwick at a gathering which was called for the purpose of forming a Bible Union. An organization will be effected next Sunday.

The Columbia County Medical Society met in the Court House on Tuesday. A paper was read by Dr. John on "Movable Kidney" and one by Dr. Brown on "Conjunctivitis—Inflammation of the Eye." A discussion followed.

If there is anybody in this county who has not heard of the "Edison burner, they want to shake the agent who offers to sell them. It is a fake, as a number of housekeepers at Rupert and Grovania have learned. It cost them a quarter to learn it.

Holy Communion under the pastorate of Rev. A. Houtz will be administered as follows: Hidlay, Palm Sunday, March 24 at 10:30 a. m.; Zion, Easter Sunday, March 31, at 10:30 a. m.; Orangeville, April 7, at 10:30 a. m.; and St. James, April 14, at 10:15 a. m.

The sporting news in "*The Philadelphia Sunday Press*" is very highly regarded. It is up-to-date and full of ginger. Every side of sport is carefully treated. No event of importance is slighted. Buy "*The Press*" every day in the week. Then you get all the news of every kind all the time.

Prof. and Mrs. W. B. Sutliff entertained a number of guests at a musicale at their home on Normal Hill, on Tuesday evening. Those participating in the program were Miss Volrath, Mr. Escanaverino, Miss Creasy, Mr. C. O. Skeer and Miss Letson. It consisted of vocal solos, harp and violin solos, duets, &c. It was a fine program delightfully rendered.

THE NEW CABINET.

The Man Who Constitute the President's Official Family.

There have been so many changes in the cabinet during the past few years that it has been hard for the average reader to keep on track of them. Here is the newest one:

State—Elihu Root.
Treasury—George B. Cortelyou.
War—William H. Taft.
Navy—Nictor H. Metcalf.
Interior—James R. Garfield.
Attorney General — Chas. J. Bonaparte.
Postmaster General—George Von L. Meyer.
Agriculture—James Wilson.
Commerce and Labor—Oscar Straus.

Matthew Forbes.

Matthew Forbes died at Jamison City on Tuesday night, from pneumonia, after an illness of only five days. He was engaged in the lumber business and was proprietor of one of the hotels there, having been granted a license for the blue front hotel at the last license court. He was born in Ireland in 1860, and came to this country in 1878. He has lived at Jamison City for the past 16 years. His wife, four sons and two daughters survive him.

The remains were taken to Dushore today, and the services will be held in the Catholic Church tomorrow.

H. W. CHAMPLIN M. D.

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

Particular attention to examining and treating children's eyes.

Ent Building. Bloomsburg, Pa.

Stories by Normal Students.

THANKSGIVING AT TOAD HOLLOW SCHOOL.

BY CHAS. L. MAURER.

The pupils of Toad Hollow School gave a special program on last Thanksgiving. Preparations were made for the occasion four weeks before the program was given. All the pupils did their very best, for their parents were going to come to hear them recite. Thanksgiving came, the sun shone brightly, and not a cloud was to be seen in the sky. The parents came too, with baskets, boxes, and buckets filled with the best kind of grub, for they were going to stay all day. At noon they began to unload their boxes and baskets and piled the grub in great piles on the desks. This made the room look more like an exhibition room than a school room. Everybody wanted to have the best things. In short, it was a real exhibition of chickens frizzled, stuffed and unstuffed; galvanized turkey, roast pig, and potpie; doughnuts a foot long, skyscraper cakes with jelly in between the stories and candy on the roof; pumpkin pie knee deep, and apple butter pie with cross barred lids. In short, it was the kind of grub that sticks to the ribs. When the parents and children were done eating, some of the children were quite a sight to see, for they had their faces painted with apple butter.

After dinner the program began. The pupils all having been drilled, scoured and polished by the teacher, marched in like kings and queens and took their seats. The teacher gave his speech first, i. e. he read his plans of teaching. They were: Make them study; make them recite; use the hickory freely, and get your pay, with the accent on the last rule. All the pupils did well. After listening to a number of songs and recitations, the teacher arose and said, "We will now have the last number on the program, an oration by Jimmie Dingelbender." Then arose a thin cross-eyed young fellow dressed in his father's new suit, which he had bought fifty years ago. His shoes fitted too soon and his collar was about five sizes too big. He came upon the stage, and thundered away at his speech until he came to the climax of his oration, when he thundered out, "Give me liberty, or give me, give me," and then broke down.

Annual Gym Exhibition.

The 13th Annual Gymnastic display by the students of the Department of Physical Culture at the Normal, will take place in the Gymnasium on Friday evening, March 15th, at 8 o'clock. The program will include Swedish games, Flag drill, dumb bells, fancy steps, exercises on side horse, single sticks, Indian clubs, marching, calisthenics, wrestling, wands, parallel bars, fancy dance, &c.

These exhibitions always prove very interesting, and a large attendance may be looked for. Prof. Berton F. Bryant is the Pysical Director, and his assistants are Miss Margaret M. Bogenrief, E. R. Schmaltz, Miss Margaret Eshleman, and Antonio Rodrignez.

Entertainment at Orangeville.

There will be an entertainment in the Opera House at Orangeville, on Saturday evening, March 16th, under the auspices of the public schools. It will be given by Major R. H. Hendershot and his son, J. C. Hendershot, and the best of home talent. The Major is the original Drummer Boy of the Rappahannock.

Among the home talent who will take part are Dorothy Sloan, Roy Sands, Miss Zora Low, Geraldine Fry, Miss Jennie Sharpless, Miriam Gilbert, Margery Conner, Lavena Cameron, and Raymond Campbell.

Admission 25, 15 and 10 cents.

ARM TORN OUT.

John W. Ritter, an employee at the mill of W. H. Dildine, at Exchange, Montour County, had his arm torn out on Monday afternoon, by being caught in a belt. He was thrown into the machinery and his right arm torn loose at the shoulder. The injured man lives at Exchange, and his physician think he will recover in two months.

Bought Billmyer Property.

Mrs. T. F. Cleveland has purchased the property of Mrs. F. P. Billmyer on Market street and will move there about the 1st of May, where her daughter and son-in law, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Harman, will also reside. Twenty years ago or more the property belonged to Mr. Harman's mother, so that he will be getting back home.

Pocono Ice Crop A Million Tons.

All the Houses on the Mountain Filled to the Roof, but No Dealer is Ready to Predict Cheap Prices Next Summer.

The work of harvesting ice on the Pocono Mountains is practically finished and every icehouse in the mountain is filled to overflowing. The blue prophets who predicted early in January "no ice this year" are not saying "I told you so" Only the sanguine ones are wearing the smile.

With a million tons or more of twelve to fourteen inch ice stored in the large houses it is hard to conceive an excuse that the Ice Trust will be able to concoct to bolster up their position to maintain the high, and in some instances, prohibitive prices of last Summer for the household necessity.

With the harvest over and managers and workmen looking forward to a period of rest it is easy to get information of the great harvest that is likely to prove of interest to the public. It is not likely that the entire crop housed on the Pocono's will be used next summer. Ice will be plentiful, but too much ice is almost as bad for the consumer as too little. The ice men are not going to give ice away or let it go begging on the market and past experience has taught the owners of the plants that it is a good thing to have plenty of ice in their houses toward the close of the Summer season. This year is not going to be an exception and the indications are strong that there will be plenty of ice left over. The quality of ice harvested this year is exceptionally fine and should hold out well. In most cases twelve-inch ice was stored but for some days back seventeen to twenty-inch ice was taken from the ponds which had to be cultivated before stored. The heavy snow storms of February also added no small expense to the harvest.

The ice 'frolic" about over and the departure of no less than fifteen hundred or more men engaged in the work will make great changes on the Poconos. The men begun the work early in February and were paid $1.60 a day. Soon afterwards they demanded $1.75 and in most cases they received the increase. There was little labor trouble.

The Mountain Ice Company controls large plants at Tobyhanna, Pocono Pines, Pocono Lake and Gouldsboro, also two small houses at Pocono Summit. It is estimated that this company has stored eight hundred thousand tons of ice. The plants of the Gouldsboro Ice Company, the Lackawanna and Lehigh Company and the North Jersey Pocono Mountain Ice Company, having a capacity of nearly two hundred thousand tons are under the control of the Mountain Ice Company.

Mother-in-Law of Congressman McHenry Died at Pottsgrove.

Mrs. E. C. Wolf, mother of John G. McHenry, of Benton, passed away at her home in Pottsgrove last Thursday morning at 4 o'clock at the age of 67 years. She has been suffering for a long time with rheumatism, and had been practically confined to her bed with this ailment for several months.

Besides Mrs. McHenry, wife of Congressman McHenry of this district, the deceased is survived by her husband at Pottsgrove, and several other children who live in other parts of the State.

A fine new line of Wedding invitations just received at this office. 3t.

Sued for $40,000.

Mrs. Harriet Kostenbauder has wrought suit in this county to recover $40.000 damages, against the Lehigh Valley Coal Co. for injuries which resulted in the death of her husband, George Kostenbauder, on October 26th, 1905. The husband was injured while working at the Sayre colliery, and was engaged in measuring timber. Messrs. Kreisher and Straub represent the plaintiff.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

The property of Mrs. William Elwell on West Third street is for sale, or will be rented if not sold by April 1st. For particulars inquire of Geo. E. Elwell. tf.

CO. E. REUNION.

Co. E. 209, P. V. wants to see all old Soldiers with their wives and friends at their reunion at Orangeville, April 2nd.

Bloomsburg Souvenir Books, 48 half tone pictures, 25 cents, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Big Reductions

ON ALL

COATS, SUITS, AND FURS.

You can make nice savings now. All goods must go. COME AND SEE THEM.

THE CLARK STORE.

Alexander Brothers & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confectionery and Nuts.

Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

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ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Draperies, Oil Cloth and Window Curtains

You Will Find a Nice Line at

W. H. BROWER'S

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A GREAT OFFER

For You Only

Read this announcement. It is your opportunity. If you don't read it you will miss your chance. The greatest magazines in this country have combined to be offered together at a greatly reduced rate. Never before was such an offer given to the public, and it is safe to say never will be made again. This year several magazines have increased their subscription price, which shows how much greater this offer really is. The only reason we are making it to the people of this vicinity is because the magazine finds they have not as many subscribers as they desire in this particular locality. But only a limited number will be sold at this price, therefore we advise every one to accept this offer without delay. When we have received a certain number we shall withdraw the offer.

Cosmopolitan per year $1.00
The Columbian per year $1.00
Total per year $2.00
Our Price $1.50

COSMOPOLITAN

No matter how many magazines you take, Cosmopolitan is the one you cannot afford to do without. One feature in each issue is always of such overwhelming importance and worldwide interest as to lead the magazine world for that month. "The best, no matter what it costs," seems to be the motto which has made Cosmopolitan resemble no other magazine but Cosmopolitan.

For 1907 the publishers of the Cosmopolitan announce contributions from such famous authors as G. Bernard Shaw, Jack London, W. W. Jacobs, Edwin Markham, Joseph Conrad, H. G. Wells, Anthony Hope, Alfred Henry Lewis, Booth Tarkington, David Graham Phillips, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, etc.

Fill out coupon—mail today with your remittance—and be sure of getting the greatest magazine combination that was ever offered—an opportunity of years and one it is safe to say will never be made again.

CUT OFF ON THIS LINE.

THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Date.....

Enclosed please find $1.50 for which enter my name for one year's subscription to your paper and the Cosmopolitan.

Name.....

Address.....

.....

PLAN FOR WORLD PEACE

Wealthy Men in the International Conciliation Association.

MR. CARNEGIE HEADS IT

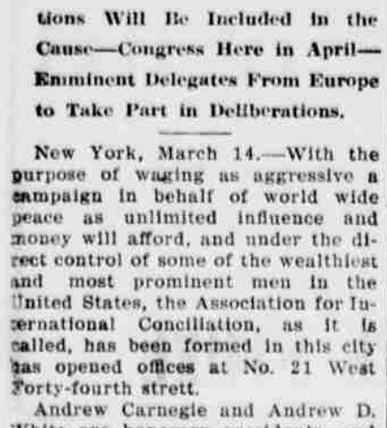
Members of Parliament of All Nations Will Be Included in the Cause—Congress Here in April—Eminnent Delegates From Europe to Take Part in Deliberations.

New York, March 14.—With the purpose of waging as aggressive a campaign in behalf of world wide peace as unlimited influence and money will afford, and under the direct control of some of the wealthiest and most prominent men in the United States, the Association for International Conciliation, as it is called, has been formed in this city has opened offices at No. 21 West Forty-fourth strett.

Andrew Carnegie and Andrew D. White are honorary presidents, and the active officers are Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, president; Representative Richard Bartholdt, vice president, and Hayne Davis, secretary while there is an Executive Committe comprised, in audition to these officers, of Dr. Lyman Abbott, James Speyer, Richard Watson Gilder, Stephen Henry Olin and Seth Low.

Primarily the object of the organization will be to co-operate on the most extensive scale yet projected with a parent body of the same kind now flourishing in Europe.

Perhaps the most important feature of the organization will be



Dr. Lyman Abbott.

its extension of what is known abroad as the Interparliamentary Union, composed exclusively of members of national Parliaments, all enlisted in the cause of peace and pledged to use their influence for that cause in those legislative bodies. Twenty-three of a total of forty Parliaments are already represented, making a membership of more than a thousand.

Although active work in the formation of committees and other details will be begun at once, probably the first strong impetus for the Association for International Conciliation will be given at the National Arbitration and Peace Congress in Carnegie Hall, from April 14 to April 17. Andrew Carnegie will preside and the vice presidents are Governor Hughes, Justice Brewer, of the United States Supreme Court; Andrew D. White, who was a member of the first Hague conference; Representative Barthldt, of Missouri; Seth Low, Albert K. Smiley, founder of the Mohawk Arbitration Conference; Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; Morris K. Jesup, president of the New York Chamber of Commerce; John Mitchell, president of the United States Mine Workers, and Judge Gray, of the United States Circuit Court.

MAY DEMURE IN EDDY SUIT.

Estimation That the Case Will Go to the Supreme Court for Argument.

Concord, N. H., March 14.—Gen. Frank S. Streeter, personal counsel for Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, and Nathaniel E. Martin, of counsel for the plaintiffs in the suit brought for an accounting of Mrs. Eddy's property, said that there would be no further proceedings in the case before April 2, when the Spring term of the Superior Court opens, at which time the suit is returnable. No depositions will be taken in the meantime. This is taken to mean that the defendants will file a demurrer and take the case to the Supreme Court for argument, although Gen. Streeter declined to discuss this phase of the matter.

Pardoned Murderer Slain in Fight.

Raleigh, N. C., March 13.—Governor Glenn has been notified that James Brand, of Ashe county, one of two convicts pardoned by him last Thanksgiving Day, was killed in Virginia, in a row over a woman. Brand was serving a long term for murder, due to a woman, and good behavior won him the pardon.

Inventor Dies Poor.

Hanover, Conn., March 13.—Rodolphus W. Fuller, the inventor of the machine to make horse shoes, died here aged 85 years.

Fuller's invention was copied by men who made millions through it, but the inventor died a poor man.

LENT FOR THE ARMY MULE.

Army's Money is Running Short and So Are Food and Fire.

Grain for a horse from 12lbs. to 9 lbs.

Grain for a mule from 9 lbs. to 8 lbs.

Hay for horses and mules from 14 lbs. to 10 lbs.

The above is a new reduction of rations for the four legged members of Uncle Sam's service. That the army is getting poor and expenses are being reduced came out yesterday in an order from Major-Gen. Frederick D. Grant, commanding the Department of the East, ordering the short rations.

At the same time an order came out from Gen. Grant that no more extra issues of fuel will be granted to post commanders and that fuel comsumption for the remainder of the fiscal year must be reduced to the lowest possible limit. The reason given is "the existing condition of the regular supplies appropriation."

The forage and fuel reduction orders go into effect on March 15.

TAKE MY ROAD, SAYS HILL.

Is Willing for the Government to Run the Great Nothern.

Minneapolis, March 14.—President James J. Hill of the Great Nortern Railroad told the Sunberg legislature committee that he would be only to willing to have the United States Government take over his road.

He stated further, however, that if the Government should go into the railroad business the country would have an" elephant" on its hands.

"Then," said Mr. Hill, "The Government would be obliged to engage in another lottery to get rid of the elephant.

"If the Government had charge of the railroads Congress would be kept busy making appropriations, the districts with poor representations and sparse population would be left in the lurch, and the railroads would become less valuable."

PRINCE REFUSES GIFT.

Queen Wilhelmina's Husband Says He Did Only His Duty.

The Hague, March 14.—Prince Henry of the Netherlands has announced his dicision to decline to accept the proposed national testimonial for the assistance he rendered in saving the lives of survivors of the British steamer Berlin, which was wrecked at the Hook of Holland on Feb. 21.

He tells the promoters of the testimonial that on that occasion he merely did his duty as a Dutchman, and that he cannot permit special recognition therefor.

Boiler Explodes; 3 Killed.

Metuchen, N. Y., March 14.—Caught in the fiery blast of an exploding engine which wrecked not only itself, but also everything in the immediate neighborhood, three men were killed on the Pennsylvania Railroad in Metuchen, N. J. The blast shook the entire town, wrecked the station in front of which the locomotive was standing, blew away and set on fire a newstand, smashed all the windows in a drug store seventy-five feet away and set fire to it and the post office.

Bells For All Lightships.

Washington, D. C., March 13.—Arrangements have been made by the United States Lighthouse Board with the Submarine Signal Company to equip with submarine bells all important lightships not already supplied. This includes the light vessels south of Hatteras, those on the great lakes and those on the Pacific coast.

Canada having made similar arrangements all North American waters will soon have the advantage of protection by submarine bells.

She Smoked; Died at 108.

Harrington, Me., March 13.—Mrs. Lovicia Cox died here of pneumonia. She was born in Columbia, Me., Jan. 12, 1709, and lived in that town for twenty-five years. She moved into the house in Harrington in which she died several years before the Mexican war.

She was an inveterate user of tobacco, having taken up smoking for a bronchial trouble more than fifty years ago.

Killed Wife and Five Children.

Dresden, March 13.—A crime of particular horror has occurred here. Hermann Wisdorf, a retired forester, shot, and killed five of his six children and wounded the sixth child. He then killed his wife, after which he committed suicide. The police found indications that the entire family had agreed to end their lives owing to scarcity of food. The child that was wounded is now lying unconscious in a hospital.

To Kill Italy's King.

Paris, March 13.—The Milan Correspondent of the Matin says that the Giornale d'Italia publishes a letter from America stating that a person has left that country with the intention of killing King Victor Emmanuel.

2-Cent Fare for Kansas.

Topeka, Kan., March 14.—The House passed the Senate Two-Cent Fare Bill.

It provides for 500, 1,000 and 2,000 mile-books, the 2,000-mile books to be interchangeable.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

Mrs. Russel Sage announced the gift of $10,000,000 endowment for the bettering of social and living conditions in the United States.

Washington officials displayed great interest in the coming conference of railroad heads with the President, in which the latter, it was declared, would ask an appraisement of values and regulation of capitalization .

A bill was introduced in the Assembly at Albany, to take control of the National Guard armories out of the hands of General Roe.

Followers of John Alexander Dowie refused to allow his son to take part in the Zion "prophet's" funeral.

Stuyvesant Fish, former president of the Illinois Central Railray Company, has been elected director of the Missouri Pacific Company, and it is hinted that the Gould-Rock Island interests are organized against the Harriman roads.

It was testified before the State Railroad Commission that employes of the New York Central Railroad occupied seats while commuters had to stand.

B. F. Yoakum, chairman of the directors of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad, told President Roosevelt he favored close co-operation between railways and the federal government.

Amendments to the Public Utilities bill, said to be drawn in the interests of public service corporations, will be introduced in the N. Y. Legislature.

A nephew and an adopted son of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy join in the suit against leaders of the Christian Science Church.

Attorney General Jackson clashed with Senator Armstrong over the former's request for a larger appropriation for his department.

Legislative investigation of the cost of Pennsylvania's new Capital was begun in Harrisburg.

President may re-open to entry as public domain part of the 60,000,000 acres of coal land withdrawn to check the Coal Trust.

One of the hardest battles between counsel came when Mr. Jerome began his real fight, in rebuttal, for the conviction of Harry Thaw.

James T. Haviland, a "stock specialist," charged with swindling Scranton investors out of $23,000, was held in $47,500 bail.

Alleged irregularities in the manufacture of smokeless powder at the Laflin & Rand works caused a government inquiry.

Thirty-four States reported on the wave of anti-corporation legislation bodies.

The Public Utilities bill is assured of passage by the Assembly, but corporations will try to beat it in the Senate.

Cuban liberals are excited over the apparent majority in the Election Law Commission in favor of allowing foreigners to vote in municipal elections.

All the great naval powers will be represented in the one hundred war vessels assembled at the opening of the Jamestown Exposition.

Japan has built a torpedo fired by wireless telegraphy.

Action by the California Legislature and consequent irritation in Japan have hampered the settlement of the Japanese school question.

Judge Kimbrough, of Danville, Ill., dismissed the manslaughter charge against Will J. Davis, based on the Iroquois Theatre fire in Chicago.

Attorney General's report showed that Otto Kelsey of N. Y., receiver of the Manhattan Fire Insurance Company spent $58,000 to collect $138,00.

Judge John Woodward told the Chautauqua Society at Buffalo, N. Y., that corporate abuses were due to lack of individual responsibility.

Physicians declare Archie Roosevelt out of danger from his attack of diphtheria.

FOREIGN NEWS.

According to a despatch from Teheran there is much distrust of the Assembly among the people, a factor greatly retarding the work of reform.

The Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, a despatch says, arrived at Plymouth, her captain reporting that in the early part of the voyage the worst storm in all his experience was encountered.

Jean Casimir-Perier, former President of France, died suddenly in Paris.

Complaint of Mr. Merry, Minister to Nicaragua, of President Zelaya's rejection of arbitration on American claims may compel the United States government to act.

When walking in the Boris Garden, at Sofia, M. Petkoff, Bulgarian Premier, was assassinated.

Colonel Dumbadze, commandant of the garrison at Yalta, was wounded by a bomb thrown from a window at his carriage.

Isaphan, Persia, is in the throes of a general strike against the Shah's uncle, who is accused of extortion.

London's County Council elections, resulting in a unionist victory, have caused the liberal government to modify their plan of attack on the House of Lords, says a despatch.

SPORTING NEWS.

Mollie Montrose, a two-year old filly has never been beaten, scored her sixth victory at New Orleans.

There are being built at Osterville, Mass., from designs by a naval architect of New York, three important additions to the motor boat fleet of 1907, one of which may be entered in the Bermuda race.

John Haynes, in a Dragon car, drove from Philadelphia to New York in a storm in four hours running time.

WARSHIP BLOWN UP; 80 KILLED

Human Bodies and Iron Debris Shot Skyward as From a Volcano.

Toulon, France, March 14.—The ammunition magazines on the battleship Jena, one of the best warships in the French Navy, exploded early this week.

She lay in the Missiessy dock, in the great naval station here, and was about to rejoin the Mediterranean squardron, of which she was the flagship.

Capt. Adigard, the Jena's commander; Capt. Vertier, Chief of Staff of the Mediterranean squadron; two midshipmen, other officers and between seventy and eighty sailors and marines were killed. Rear-Admiral Manceron, commanding the squadron; Lieut. Tiercelin and other officers were wounded.

Lieut. Tiercelin declares that everybody who was below at the time of the first explosion was asphyxiated by deadly fumes from the magazines, particularly from the combustion of "B" powder.

One dundred and fifty wounded sailors are in the hospitals. Besides, a number of people in the town were hit by projectiles discharged by the explosion. A two-year-old child was killed instantly in the town by such a missile.

The fire is now out, and as soon as the Jena is free of the stifling fumes, probably some time to-nigt, the work of bringing out the bodies will begin.

MIND CURED BY SURGERY.

Skull of Doctor Trephined—Had Become Morose From a Fall.

London, Mar. 14.—An interesting instance of surgery for the cure of insanity is quoted in this week's Lancet. The patient was himself a doctor.

After a fall, from which no external marks appeared, he suffered severely from insonnia, headache, and neuralgia and became incapacitated for work. He grew irritable and profane and suffered in this way for some years, during which he tried all possible medical treatment.

Dr. Bernard Hollanded, a well known mental specialist, performed an operation and found a morbid condition of the skull together with an excess of cerebro-spinal flued; which prevented the arteries of the brain from pulsatin.

This fluid was let off and the rest of the brain being found healthy the wound was closed. Three weeks later the patient was quite well and has continued so.

Niagara Icicle Kills Man.

Niagara Falls, March 14.—A huge icicle dropped from the cliffs of Niagara Gorge onto a trolley car of the Gorge road as it was passing the whirlpool rapids. Conductor Everet Ramsdell, who was turning a switch, was killed. Dr. and Mrs. I. E. Newig, of Souis City, Ia., and Miss Newig, of Soulx City, Ia., and Miss badly bruised, and S. C. Lindsay and wife, if Pittsburg, were injured. None of the injured is seriously hurt.

Spain to Lease Arsenal.

Madrid, March 14.—The Government is reported to be concluding arrangements for the lease of the Ferrol Arsenal, the chief naval arsenal of Spain, to a forlegn company, of which some of the members of the Board of Directors are Spaniards.

Several vessels on the new naval programme of Spain are destined to be built there.

Pickpockets Sent to Penitentiary.

New York, March 13.—Under a law which makes it a misdemeanor to jostle or annoy passengers in a public vehicle, five pickpockets who were arrested on street cars were sent to the penitentiary for six months by the Judges of Special Sessions Court.

44 Marriages 44 Divorces.

Denver, March 13.—Forty-four divorce cases filed and disposed of and forty-four marriage licenses issued, was the record of Denver for the first nine days of March.

Twenty-two Laborers Drowned.

Redding Cal., March 13.—Twenty-four Greek laborers working on a railroad started to cross the Sacramento River at Pitt. The boat capsized and twenty-two drowned.

KILLS ANTI-JAPANESE BILL

California Assembly Stops Legislation Upon Request from President.

HINDER TREATY PLANS

Action Was About To Be Taken on School Measure When White House Message came—Member Expressed Willingness to Trust the President and Governor.

Cacramento, Cal., Mar. 14.—President Roosevelt duly stopped all Japanese legislation in the California Legislature by the following telegram to Governor Gillette, who sent it to the Assembly:—

"Action of Legislature reported in this morning's papers most unfortunate in effect upon my efforts to obtain exclusion of Japanese laborers by friendly agreement, and if continued will probably render recent legislation of Congress for that purpose ineffective. Please secure suspension of further action until receipt of letter from me."

The Assembly intended to act at once on two bills and a resolution adopted by the Senate on Saturday. Governor Gillette sent with the telegram a message urging the House to comply with the President's request. The Assembly by a viva voce vote decided to take no action on the bills on file.

The Legislative action referred to by the President was the passage by the Senate of a bill limiting the age of children of all races to ten years when first entering primary schools, a measure prepared by the Japanese-Corean Exclusion League, submitting the question of Asiatic exclusion to a vote of the people against Japanese naturalization

The message created momentary excitement in the lower house. Then Grove L. Johnson expressed his confidence in the Governor and the President, said the question should be left to them, and moved that the Assembly take no action on the Japanese question at this session.

The motion was carried without debate.

Pet Cat Bites Five.

Patchogue, L. I., March 14.—Four women and one man, of Patchogue, L. I., were attacked by a rabid cat with such ferocity last week that on the advice of the family physician and a fellow-practitioner called in consultation they were sent to the research laboratory of the New York Board of Health, at the foot of East Sixteenth street, for treatment. The wisdom of this course was shown when a report was received from the laboratory, where the brain of the cat had been examined microspically and given the usual tests employed by Pasteur to determine the characteristic disintegration of the brain matter as it appears in hydrophobia.

The report was specific and positive in determining that the animal was suffering from rabies in its most violent and dangerous form.

WON'T SALUTE SACRAMENT.

Italian Soldiers Ordered to End Old-Time Honor in Church.

Rome, Mar. 14.—An order issued by the Minister of War instructs all the Italian garrisons to omit the custom which has prevailed in Italy for centuries past of presenting arms and calling out the garrison whenever a priest carrying the sacrament happens to pass in front of the barracks.

According to new decree, even the sentries will not be compelled to present arms unless the commander shall receive an official intimation that the sacrament is to be carried in solemn procession in the streets adjoining the barracks.

Kept Secret Four Years.

Stamford, Conn., Mar. 14.—A woman who kept a secret three years and eight months caused a murmur of astonishment in the Superior Court here.

"She has broken the record," was the comment of the lawyers and spectators.

The woman was Mrs. Lelia Beach, who was suing for a divorce from Edward A. Beach. Five days after their marriage in February, 1902. she said, her husband vanished. She did not tell her father of the marriage until October, 1905.

The Judge smiled, Attorney Vosburg said some old proverbs failed once in a while,and Mrs. Beach got her degree.

185 Seek Service Pensions.

Washington, March 13.—Commissioner of Pensions Warner said that 180,000 applications for pensions have been filed under the Service Pension law enacted last month. The commissioner estimates that 300,000 applications will be received under the new law, which permits the granting of a pension for service in the Mexican and civil wars.

Whiskey for Toothache Fatal.

Syracuse, N. Y., March 13.—Frank Bearup, nine years old, was advised by his father to take a mouthful of whiskey to allay pain from an aching tooth. The lad did so and continued the treatment until he had taken more than half a pint of liquor. He was seized with convulsions and died at midnight.

JOHN ALEXANDER DOWIE DEAD.

Refusing to the End to Have A Physician Called.

Chicago, Mar. 12.—John Alexander Dowie, founder of the Christian Catholic Church in Zion, died Saturday at the Shiloh House in Zion City.

Dowie died as he had lived, firm in the belief in his divine mission. An hour before his death it was suggested by one of his followers, whose faith failed him when put to the test, that a physician be called.

The white haired leader half rose

John Alexander Dowie.

on his couch and gazing fixedly at the little group of watchers said:

"I need no physician. God is all in all."

Dowie became delirious, and his talk was the same as at a riligious meeting in the days of his prime. He denounced persons with the old time vigor, ordered the guards to throw out disturbers, and acted just as he had on so many previous occasions.

Dowie died unforgiving and unforgiven. In the brief period of consciousness he never mentioned the wife or son, who had deserted him.

Negro Gets Rhodes Scholarship.

Philadelphia, March 14.—Allan Le Roy Locke, a negro of Philadelphia, who will be graduated from Harvard University in June, it was announced has received the Rhodes scholarship at Oxford allotted to Pennsylvania. The selection was made by a committee headed by Provost Harrison of the University of Pennsylvania.

FINANCIAL.

More than $2,000,000 was lost in the collapse of Nevada-Utah Copper when Thomas W. Lawson announced that he could not stand sponsor for the property.

General advances were made in stocks, followed by reaction at the market's close.

Wabash interests have sold their $6,000,000 Youngstown railway enterprise to the Pittsburg and Lake Erie.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Produce Quoted for the Week.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3¼ per qt.

Butter.		
Creamery, extra	33	@34
Firsts	29	@32½
State dairy, fancy	30	@31
Cheese.		
Fancy	14½	@14¾
Small	14½	@14¾
Part Skims	7	@ 9
Eggs.		
State and Penn	21	@23
Western—Firsts	18¼	
Duck	32	@37
Live Poultry.		
Chickens, per lb	8	@11
Fowls, per lb		13½
Dressed Poultry.		
Turkeys, per lb	10	@15
Chickens, Phila. lb	11	@18
Geese, spring, lb		13
Ducklings, per lb	8	@12
Fruits—Fresh.		
Apples — Greenings per bbl.	$1 50	@$3 25
King, bbl.	2 75	@ 4 25
Ben davis, per bbl.	1 50	@ 2 75
Vegetables.		
Potatoes, L. I., bbl.	$1 85	@$2 00
Cabbages, per 100	1 00	@ 2 00
Onions, white, per bbl.	$4 00	@ 7 50
Beets, per bbl	1 00	@ 3 00
Hay and Straw.		
Hay, prime, cwt.	$1 00	@$1 15
No. 1, per cwt.	65	@ 75
No. 2, per cwt.	65	@ 75
Straw, lang rye.	60	@ 65
Grain, Etc.		
Flour, Win. pats.	$3 00	@$3 85
spring pats	4 20	@ 5 00
Wheat No. 1		92½
N. Duluth No. 2, red	82½	@ 83¾
Oats, mixed	48	
Clipped white	52	@ 55
Live Stock.		
Beeves, city drs'd.	7	@ 9
Calves, city drs'd.	8	@ 14½
County drs'd.	8	@ 12
Sheep, per cwt.	$2 50	@$3 00

CARE OF BLONDE HAIR

THE SECRET OF IT LIES IN KEEPING THE HAIR YOUNG.

Hairpins, Bows and Ornaments Tend to Make One's Locks Dark —Convent and Picture Foods Good for the Complexion.

There is a hairdresser in New York who is busy every day of the year making natural blondes. So arduous are her duties and so in demand is her time that she works every hour of the day and a great many hours of the night.

She treats the hair by natural devices so that it grows lighter without losing any of its natural qualities.

Scientists say that in a little while there will be no blondes at all, and hairdressers agree with them. Hairpins may be necessary to woman, but they are unquestionably ruining the hair, says this hairdresser.

"The second source of injury to the hair is found in the ornaments that are stuck into it. Great fancy combs with wide, wicked teeth are prodded into the coiffure. Immense bows of ribbon are pinned on, leaving an ugly mark upon the scalp.

"Then pins are thrust into the hair and there are other trifles such as wreaths of silvered flowers, braided ribbons and jetted things, with their tendency to tear the hair, to say nothing of the nerve racking heavy tiara.

"Trouble tightens the scalp and injures the hair. Fear draws the scalp so tight that the hair fairly drops out.

"Among poor women the hair keeps its color much longer than among the rich. A poor woman does not twist her hair so tightly, nor does she put so many hairpins into it.

"She seldom ties it with a string next to the scalp, and it is not once in a thousand times that she wears a hair ornament. The results are obvious. Notice the heavy hair of the working woman.

"It is all because the hair is treated in a gentle manner. Neglected it may be, but its color is there. It has not been rasped by fancy pins and weighted by countless ornaments.

"I use henna tea a great deal upon the heads of those with whom it will agree but all of these things must be taken slowly and with moderation.

"No one wash agrees with every hair. In most cases it acts all right, but it turns an occasional woman into a blonde too pronounced for beauty.

"When a woman's hair is beginning to darken I take five cents worth of henna and steep it in a pint of water. When it has boiled down to a cupful I take it and moisten her whole hair with it. As a rule it brightens it considerably without hurting her conscience, for henna comes under the head of herbs.

"Meanwhile I treat the roots to keep the hair from getting darker or from getting gray. There are various ways of treating the roots of the hair.

"One of these ways I call the thimblecure. I have tried it with success all over Europe and America.

"The thimble cure requires two thimbles, pure gold or good silver. Into one I put about ten drops of good oil; sweet oil is all right, but castor oil is better.

"Parting of the hair I go over it with my finger tips, which are dipped into the oily thimble. I make ten drops do the whole head, so that the hair is not oily afterward.

"Then I massage it with the thimble. This requires that hair be parted off and that the scalp be tapped. It must be done very gently.

"We treat complexions, too. Every hair culturist takes a turn at the complexion when it no longer matches the hair.

"One woman had nice bright hair after we got through with her, but her skin was dull and the bright, youthful looking hair made her look like a mummy. So we put her upon a diet.

"We gave her convent food. It is what the nuns give their pupils to make them strong and rosy and pretty.

"It was a general diet in which stewed rhubarb, apple sauce, raw eggs, prunes and hash were conspicuous. It was good, plain food. The woman was commanded to eat picture food also. Food good enough to eat without being cooked.

"Puffing the hair around the face makes the skinlook smoother and pulling it down upon the forehead makes the face look younger. But a woman must have a nice complexion also. We tell our patients to eat spinach, lettuce and celery, which are all complexion foods.

"Hair culturists of to-day look closely after the health of their patients, for nothing affects the hair like illness. If a woman is under the weather her hair will not curl; if she has a fever it comes out; if she is suffering from a cold it loses life and grows darker; and if she has rheumatism the color pigment fades entirely and she gets gray. So it is easy to see how dependent the hair is upon the health.

Try Baking Apple Sauce.

Apple sauce is very nice baked. To every four apples pared and sliced add ½ cup of white sugar and ½ cup of boiling water. Put in a granite or earthen dish and cover tightly. Bake 40 minutes.

COMMON SENSE

Leads most intelligent people to use only medicines of known composition. Therefore it is that Dr. Pierce's medicines, the makers of which print every ingredient entering into them upon the bottle wrappers and attest its correctness under oath, are daily growing in favor. The composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines is open to everybody. Dr. Pierce being desirous of having the search light of investigation turned fully upon his formulæ, being confident that the better the composition of these medicines is known the more will their great curative merits be recognized. Being wholly made of the active medicinal principles extracted from native forest roots, by exact processes original with Dr. Pierce, and without the use of a drop of alcohol, triple-refined and chemically pure glycerine being used instead in extracting and preserving the curative virtues residing in the roots employed, these medicines are entirely free from the objection of doing harm by creating an appetite for either alcoholic beverages or habit-forming drugs. Examine the formula on their bottle wrappers—the same as sworn to by Dr. Pierce, and you will find that his "Golden Medical Discovery," the great, blood-purifier, stomach tonic and bowel regulator—the medicine which, while not recommended to cure consumption in its advanced stages (no medicine will do that) yet *does cure* all those catarrhal conditions of head and throat, weak stomach, torpid liver and bronchial troubles, weak lungs and hang-on-coughs, which, if neglected or badly treated lead up to and finally terminate in consumption.

Take the "Golden Medical Discovery" *in time* and it is not likely to disappoint you if only you give it a *thorough* and *fair* trial. Don't expect miracles. It won't do supernatural things. You must exercise your patience and persevere in its use for a reasonable length of time to get its full benefits. The ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are composed have the unqualified endorsement of scores of medical leaders—better than any amount of lay, or non-professional, testimonials. They are not given away to be experimented with but are sold by all dealers in medicines at reasonable prices.

Bill to Provide for Poor Consumptives

Was Introduced in Both Houses Last Week Appropriates $600,000 for the Work.

The consumptive poor of Pennsylvania will be well taken care of if the bill introduced in the Senate and in the House becomes a law. Senator Gerberich and Mr. Hitchcock are chairmen, respectively, of the Senate and House committees on Public Health and Sanitation. This bill, which carries an appropriation of $600,000 for two years, provides for the establishment and maintenance of one or more sanitoria in Pennsylvania for the free care and treatment of indigent persons suffering from tuberculosis and places the sanitoria in charge of the Department of Health. With these sanitoria established and with the State Department of Health taking care of all those persons suffering from incipient tuberculosis who are unable to leave their families to go to the sanatoria, Pennsylvania will be doing more for the unfortunate victims of the "White Plague" than has almost ever been dreamed of by any other state. Health Commissioner Dixon has a most effective plan for the establishing of dispensaries in every county in the state, where poor consumptives who cannot go to the sanatoria will receive free treatment and instructions as to how to pervent the spread of the disease among other members of their families and the community at large. The establishment of the sanatoria completes the plan. The aosolute confidence which the Legislature and the governor place in Health Commissioner Dixon, whom they can trust to use every penny for the sole purpose for which it was appropriated, and their great desire to fulfill their promises to take care of Pennsylvania's consumptive poor, make it safe to say that no opposition to the bill will be encountered.

The R. F. D. carriers are feeling pretty good these days over the fact that they are now sure to receive a substantial increase in salary beginning on July 1, 1906. Carriers of full routes of 24 miles, who now get $720 per year, will receive $900, and the carriers on the shorter routes a proportionate increase. This raise, though small and much less than it should be, will be nearer the amount really earned by these faithful employes of Uncle Sam's postoffice department.

Cleverness is one of the attributes necessary for every man who is employed in the post office sorting mail, for he meets with all kinds of freaks in the shape of letters peculiarly addressed. Some jokers appear to think that all the post clerk has to do is to solve puzzles. Recently at the Boston office a letter was received addressed "Wood, Mass.," with a line drawn under the "Wood" and over the "Mass." The letter went out the same day it was received and reached Mark Underwood, Andover, Mass., for whom it was intended, and the postal clerk who had solved the riddle did not think he had done anything brilliant. It was all in his day's work.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FACTS ABOUT THE EARS.

They May Add to or Mar the Face of An Otherwise Pretty Woman.

In ancient mythology fauns were known from human beings only by the fact that they possessed long, pointed, fury ears. Otherwise they looked simply like beautiful Greek boys—yet it is not on record that the boy and the faun were ever confused. Let us not surmise from this that the ears are in any way indicative of the character; but, rather, let us realize that the Greeks understood the importance of that much underrated feature, the ear. Many a face, beautiful otherwise, has been spoiled by large, ugly, outstanding ears; many another face only negatively pretty has been given a piquant and delicate charm by virtue of ears small, rosy and shell-like.

It is easy, then, to see how important a beautiful ear is in the general ensemble, and our next step is "aural beauty." In the first place the ear must be neither too large nor too small. This may sound trite, but many a woman thinks her ears beautiful because they are small, whereas they are entirely too small for the rest of the features. The next attribute to be considered is the shape. The ideal ear is shaped like a conchshell, round and gently tapering at the extremities. The correction of disfigurements in shape we will consider later. Last of all, but by no means the least important comes the color of the ears. Pale ears and habitually red ears are alike symptoms of nervous disorder, and are alike curable.

Tinting the ears is a delicate art, and one which may be resorted to after a good massage, if one is dressing for a special occasion.

Above all things, however, be extremely careful about putting drugs or ointments of any sort in the ear. It is one of the most delicate of organs, and it is impossible to be too careful of it.

Never clean with a hairpin or any sharp pointed instrument, as there is danger of piercing the drum and causing deafness. For the same reason, never box a child's ears or take it by the ear. Many a case of lifelong deafness has resulted from the ignorance or carelessness of a thoughtless adult. The best rule to follow is, "Extreme cleanliness, extreme care, extreme tenderness."

If there is any disfigurement of the ear, so noticeable as to cause embarrassment and pain to the unhappy victim, it is easy to conceal the fault by the arrangement of the coiffure.

Improved Broiling Pan.

As shown in the illustration it is similar to the common frying pan in general outline, except that the bottom is of conical form and arranged to project upward in the center, presenting a central apex or point. From this point the bottom slopes to the rim, making a trough or gutter. The latter leads to a compartment or chamber near the end of the handle. In use the meat to be broiled is placed in the utensil and the latter arranged over the fire.

Novel Broiling Pan.

As the cooking operation progresses the liquid drawn from the meat flows down in the gutter and thence to the compartment. A dry condition of the meat is thus preserved and the broiling action facilitated. Naturally the utensil is tilted from time to time to cause the juices accumulated in the channel to flow into the compartment from which they escape through an opening.

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

The little litho woman who can skip about, if necessary, is much taller in appearance than the little stiff woman who cannot jump about to save her life, and must walk as though she were in a vise.

The plain girl must not be ill-tempered. If she has plain features she need not have an ugly disposition. She must be so sunny in her expression that she makes those who look at her forget how plain she is.

Don't be afraid of being too clean or washing away your skin with too frequent use of soap. Pure soap is a tonic, and, if need be, it can be used twice a day on the entire body with no other than beneficial effects. The cold bath is stimulating and pleasant, but it is not a cleansing bath.

Collecting and arranging data for papers for women's clubs is claimed to be a renumerative occupation for a bright woman. If the woman scheduled to write the paper has not the time to do it, or is afraid to trust her powers, or perhaps cannot express her thoughts as she would wish, there is still more of a field for writing on the part of the deto-

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate.

Pursuant to an order from the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Martin Kline, late of the Township of Orange, in the County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, will expose to public sale on the premises lately occupied by said deceased near Bowman's Mills on

FRIDAY, THE 29th DAY OF MARCH, 1907,

at two o'clock

of said day, the following described real estate: All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the Township, County and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone corner of land of William Bellas and Wesley Bowman, thence by land of William Bellas and Wesley Bowman, North twenty-eight degrees West one hundred and four-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land of Wesley Bowman South fifty-three degrees West twenty-one and five-tenth perches to a stone, thence by the same South one-half degree East fourteen and two-tenth perches to a stone, thence by the same South twenty-seven and one-half degrees West eight and four-tenth perches to a stone, thence by the same North sixty and one-half degrees West fourteen and three-tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of Eli Kline South forty-five and one-fourth degrees West twenty nine and one-tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of John Crouse South twenty-six and three-fourth degrees East sixty-four and six-tenth perches to a stone, thence by land of Wesley Bowman North twenty-seven degrees East seventy and seven-tenth perches to the place of beginning, containing

34 ACRES and 133 PERCHES

of land, be the same more or less. It being the same premises which Rebecca Johnson by deed dated April 6th, 1868, recorded in Columbia County in deed book Vol. "U" at page 447 conveyed unto Martin Kline and David B. Kline, and which the said David B. Kline by deed dated Oct. 16th, 1874, recorded in Columbia County in deed book Vol. 27 at page 651, conveyed his interest in the same unto the said Martin Kline, and the description herein used is the same as that contained in said last mentioned deed; and whereon is erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE AND BARN

and other outbuildings.

ALSO

all the interest of the said Martin Kline in all that certain piece, parcel and lot of ground situate in the Township, County and State aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone, thence by lands of Jacob Johnson, heirs of Crouse South forty-five and one-fourth degrees West forty-seven and seven-tenth perches to a sassafras thence by heirs of Andrew Crouse North forty-nine and three-fourth degrees West forty perches to a stone, thence by lands of Edward McHenry North fifty-four degrees East fifty-eight perches to a stone, thence by public road South seventeen degrees East twenty perches to a stone, thence along public road South fifty-six degrees East twelve perches to the place of beginning, containing

10 ACRES and 132 PERCHES OF LAND.

be the same more or less. It being the same premises of which Eli Kline died seized and which descended to the said Martin Kline and others.

This farm is in a fairly good state of cultivation and is a desirable little farm. Possession given April 1st, 1907, providing one-fourth of the purchase money is paid All personal property on premises reserved. Deed and surveys if wanted at expense of purchaser.

TERMS OF SALE: Ten per cent of one-fourth of purchase money to be paid at striking down of the property, balance of one-fourth at confirmation nisi of sale, or when possession is taken, and remaining three-fourths within one year from date of sale with interest on all unpaid purchase money from date of sale.

JOSEPH A. HENRIE,
Administrator of Martin Kline, dec'd.

CLINTON HERRING, Attorney.

3-7-ts.

NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County.

Filed March 7, 1907.

In re-petition of the Commissioners of Columbia County to sell at public sale certain real estate possessed by said County, situate in the Borough of Berwick, in said County, bounded and described as follows: Parts of water lots No's 9 and 10 in said Borough on north by road leading to river, on East by lot No. 8, on South by river, and on the west by Chesnut street, whereon is erected a two story frame dwelling house, each lot being 49 & ½ feet wide the same being part of the toll bridge over the river Susquehanna of the Berwick Bridge Company of Berwick in said County purchased by said Counties of Columbia and Luzerne under said proceedings, as will more fully and at large appear by reference to the report of viewers with the map annexed thereto filed in said proceedings on the 14th day of September 1900, as of No. 530 April Term, 1900 in said Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of Luzerne.

Now March 4th, 1907 on reading the within petition the same is directed to be filed, and Thursday the 28th day of March, 1907 at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon is fixed for the hearing of said petition by said Court.

BY THE COURT.

3-14-3t.

INCORPORATION OF "THE CRAFTSMAN."

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County. } *No. Term 1907*

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the above Court on April 4th, 1907 at ten o'clock a. m. under the "Corporation Act of 1874" of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Craftsman," the character and object of which is, The maintenance of a club for fraternal, educational and social enjoyments, and for these purposes to have and possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

The proposed charter is now on file in the Prothonotary's office.

H. A. McKILLIP,
Solicitor.

2-14-4t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Huffnogle late of the township of Fishing Creek, deceased

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of John Huffnogle, late of the township of Fishing Creek, county of Columbia, Pa., deceased, have been granted to Ralph R. John, resident of Bloomsburg, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

RALPH R JOHN,
Executor.

NOTICE.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY PENNSYLVANIA. OF MAY TERM 1907, NO———

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the above Court on the 1st day of April A. D. 1907 at ten o'clock a. m., under the Corporation Act of 1874 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the supplements thereto, for the allowance and approval of an amendment to the Charter of the Tabernacle Church of Christ of the Town of Bloomsburg as set forth in the petition for the allowance of said amendment, which said amendment is for the purpose of providing that all property, now owned or hereafter to be bequeathed, devised or conveyed to the said corporation shall be held subject to the control of the lay members thereof agreeably to the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved the 26th day of April A. D. 1855 &c.

The proposed amendment is now on file in the office of the Prothonotary of Columbia County.

A. W. DUY,
Solicitor.

3-7-3w.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mehetable Albertson, late of Greenwood township.

The undersigned appointed an auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of the fund in the hands of the Administrator, of said deceased, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, Pa., on Thursday, April 11th, 1907 at 10 o'clock a. m. to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all parties interested in the fund in the hands of the administrator of said deceased will appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

B. F. ZARR,
Auditor.

2-7-ta.

CHARTER NOTICE.

In the Common Pleas Court of Columbia County.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made by the ST. JOHN'S EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF CATAWISSA, PENNSYLVAIA, to the Court of Common Pleas of the county aforesaid on the 1st day of April 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., under the provisions of the Act of Assembly of this Common wealth entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and it supplements, for the approval and allowance of certain amendments to the charter of said corporation, as set forth in the petition therefor filed in said court.

C. E. KREISHER,

March 4th, 1907.

3-7-3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In re estate of John Kelchner, late of the Township of Centre, in the County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania:

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans Court of Columbia County, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of George W. Kelchner and Emanuel L. Kelchner, Executors of the estate of John Kelchner, late of the Township aforesaid, as shown by their third and final account filed in the Orphans Court of Columbia County, to No. 10 of Feb'y. Term, 1907, to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will sit at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on Friday, April 12th, 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims or demands against said estate may present them or forever after be debarred from coming in on said fund,

CLINTON HERRING, Auditor.

3-7-ta.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Martin Kline, late of Orange Township, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Martin Kline, late of Orange township, deceased have been granted to the undersigned administrator, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

JOSEPH A. HENRIE,
Administrator
Orangeville, R. F. D. No. 1.

Clinton Herring, Atty. 2-14-6t.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Margaret M. Smith, late of Greenwood Township, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Margaret M. Smith, late of Greenwood township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

WESLEY MORRIS,
Administrator.
Millville, R. F. D.

A. L. Fritz, Attorney. 2-21-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Sallie Morgan, late of Montour township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Sallie Morgan, late of Montour township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to CHAS. H. MORGAN,
Rupert, Pa.
Administrator.

JOHN G. HARMAN,
2-7-6t* Atty.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Sarah E. Appleman, late of Bloomsburg, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Sarah F. Appleman, late of Bloomsburg, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to H. REBER MEARS,
Administrator.

2-7-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Eli Welliver, late of Greenwood township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Eli Welliver, late of Greenwood township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to CHARLES E. WELLIVER
Administrator.

Clinton Herring, Attorney. Bloomsburg, Pa.

2-28 6t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Annie Culp, late of Mt. Pleasant township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Annie Culp, late of Mt. Pleasant township, deceased, have been granted to Charles Culp, resident of Bloomsburg, Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay. CHARLES CULP,
Executor.

Fred Ikeler, Attorney. Bloomsburg, Pa.

2-28 6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Huston Robison, late of Scott township, deceased.

Letters of administration de bonis non in the above estate have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having just claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

S. RUSH ZARR,
Administrator

Professional Cards.

H. A. McKILLIP
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Columbian Building 2nd floor
Bloomsburg, Pa.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Ent Building, Coust House Square.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

RALPH. R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office Over First National Bank.
Bloomsburg, Pa,

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wirt's Building.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Corner of 3rd and Main Sts.
CATAWISSA, PA

CLINTON HERRING.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Orangeville Wednesday each week

A. L. FRITZ.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Bloomsburg, Pa

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND EAL ESTATE AGENT
Office in Townsend's Building
Bloomsburg, Pa,

N U. FUNK
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Ent's Building, Court House Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

SADE T. VANNATTA
(Successor to C. F. Knapp)
GENERAL INSURACE
Office 238 Iron St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Oct. 31, 1901. tf*

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Office and residence, 410 Main St.
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EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office :—Ent building, 11-16-99

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' building over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg,
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

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I. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
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Queen, of N. Y.	600,000	3,688,915	2,02
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,253,807	42
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,750,679	2,35

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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1907

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Special Correspondence.

Harrisburg, Pa., Mar. 11, 1907.

Probably the most important incident of the session thus far was the report of Creasy's anti-trust bill from the committee on corporations. It doesn't mean that the measure will be enacted into law, though that is possible, of course.

But it guarantees an open and free discussion of the subject and may lead to an alignment of the forces in the General Assembly as between the corporations and the people. There is no mistaking the character of the bill. It is literally and effectively an anti-trust measure. But it is not so drastic that those who support it must be classed as calamity howlers.

The Creasy bill defines as a trust any "combination of capital, skill or acts, by two or more persons, firms, partnerships, corporations or associations of persons or of any two or more of them" to "create or carry out restrictions in trade or commerce; limit or reduce the production or increase or reduce the price of merchandise or commodity; prevent competition in manufacturing, making, transportation, sale or purchase of merchandise, produce of commodity, fix at any standard or figure whereby its price to the public or consumer shall be in any manner controlled or established, any article or commodity of merchandise, produce or commerce intended for sale, barter, use or consumption in this State.

WHAT IS ACTUALLY PROHIBITED.

It prohibits persons, firms, partnerships, corporations or associations from making, entering into, executing or carrying out "any contracts, obligation or agreements of any kind or description by which they shall bind or have bound themselves not to sell, dispose of or transport any any article or any commodity or any article of trade, use merchandise, commerce, or consumption below a common standard figure or fixed value or by which they shall agree in any manner to keep the price of such article, commodity or transportation at a fixed or graduated figure or by which they shall in any manner establish or settle the price of any article, commodity or transportation between themselves and others so as to directly or indirectly preclude a free and unrestricted competition among themselves or any purchasers or consumers in the sale or transportation of any such article or commodity or by which they shall agree to pool, combine or directly unite any interests that they may have connected with the sale or transportation of any such article or commodity that its price might in any manner be affected."

NOT A RADICAL MEASURE.

There is nothing radical in those provisions. They express precisely and exactly the purposes and policies which the Sherman anti-trust law professed and for which President Roosevelt has vociferously contended for many years. The Creasy bill is more specific than the Sherman law and less ambiguous than the President's utterances along the same lines. But it stands for nothing that isn't obviously fair. We all know that it is a crime against public policy to do the things which the measure forbids and that doing them is inimical to popular interests.

People do them, however, because no penalty attaches to the crime and the injured public has no redress The Creasy bill would correct this fault in our system of jurisprudence if it were enacted into law and for that reason I don't believe that it will go so far. The financial cormorants are getting good because they are getting scared. I noticed that Perkins has paid back the money he stole from the Equitable Insurance company to contribute to the Republican National Committee and Rockefeller is contemplating some more vast beneficences. But these are only sporodic exhibitions of piety. It won't be general until the average pirate gets glimpses of retribution and though that "may be soon it is not yet." But the consideration of the bill in the Legislature will serve the purpose of separating the legislative sheep from the goats and the Democrats on the floor of the House will see that the roll is called on the question.

A PARLIAMENTARY TOURNAMENT.

Last week's session of the Legislature was rather interesting on various accounts. It opened with what might be called a parliamentary tournament, the resolution to put Mr. Garner's negatived bill to abolish the State constabulary on the calendar being the feature of the event. The resolution was defeated because it lacked a constitutional majority which is a majority of all the members of the body. But it had all but three of the required number, and a substantial majority of those present and voting, and revealed the wisdom as well as the unfairness of the machine managers in packing the committee against it. In other words the vote clearly indicated that if the bill had been reported from the committee it would have been enacted into law while, as a matter of fact, the machine is under contract with the corporations to not only continue but increase this force of "cossacks" to harrass and menace the people and supply food for the beef-eaters who compose it.

MR. GARNER'S FAUX PAS.

There is an impression among the close observers of events about the Legislature that Mr. Garner was himself responsible for the defeat of his resolution. He made a characteristic speech which was more vituperative than persuasive and it is said that some members who had promised to vote for the resolution subsequently held that the violence of Garner's language absolved them from their pledges. "You can catch more flies with molasses than with vinegar," people said generally after the event, and there was a good deal of sympathy expressed for Garner. But I am not so sure that his purpose was not subserved completely by the course he pursued. I wouldn't say that Garner is a knave but it is a safe bet that he isn't a fool and if he wanted his resolution to be adopted his speech was the quintescence of folly. But let it go at that. There will be two more chances to get a repeal bill on the calendar. That is to say there are two more repeal bills in the committee and it will be in order to move to put either or both of them on the calendar. Then, in the light of experience, the actions of members may be accurately measured.

The subsequent proceedings of the week were less exciting but there was no abatement of energy from the beginning on Monday evening to the end on Friday noon of the week's work. Two sessions a day were held on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday and committee work was attended to with commendable assiduity. The result is that the calendars are being expanded with great rapidity and the chances are that some lightning speed railroading will be done toward the close of the session. This sort of thing is not conducive to wholesome legislation but it is to be expected.

A TRICK OF THE LOBBY.

A fresh evidence of the evil of official lobbying to which I referred in a former letter has just developed. The Secretary of the Game Commission had made strenuous efforts to get a vicious measure through the Legislature containing among other iniquities a provision requiring every man in the State who hunted for game, once or a hundred times a year, to take out a license for which the fee was fixed at one dollar. It had been sneaked through the committee once and surreptitiously reported to the House. The vigilance and courage of Representative Dersham, of Union county, defeated the outrage, however, and it began to look as if the purpose had been abandoned. But it transpires now that instead of that another trick is to be invoked. A bill providing a bounty for the scalps of foxes having passed the House it is now proposed to attach the clause of the disgraced bill which provided for a license fee for hunters to it, as a rider, in the Senate. Senator Rogers of Allegheny county, is to move the amendment and it was hoped the scheme would escape notice. The sinister movements of the game commission lobby suggests that there must be a hope that part of the $250,000 which it is estimated would accrue to the game commission if that fee trick is worked, would get lost on its way to the treasury.

MULTIPLYING COURTS IN THE STATE

There are few reasons for regretting the absence of Samuel W. Pennypacker from the official life of the commonwealth, yet there are some. For example the present Legislature has or will create nine or ten new judges and the chances are that Governor Stuart will approve the legislation while it is certain that Pennypacker would not have done so. Six of the new judges will be for Pittsburg, one in Delaware county, one in Philadelphia, one in Blair county and one in Erie. While the bill for the second new district in Allegheny county was pending in the House the other day Representative Dersham of Union county gave it a brain clout which caused its friends considerable concern. "I was told a day or two ago by a man who is now serving his second term as Judge," remarked Mr. Dersham, "that the number of judges in this State could be reduced one half. This may not sound very well to the lawyers or men who are looking for positions for these politician lawyers. If the State has more money than it knows what to do with, there are people who are being ground to the earth with the burdens of taxation, and this money could be used for the relief of these people."

The open sessions of the Commission to investigate the graft in the construction of the Capitol began on Monday. A good many people are beginning to think that there will be something besides whitewash in the report. A notice of the Attorney General, the other day to the State Treasurer, forbidding the payment of the expenses of the recent primary elections, because the appropriation was general instead of specific strengthens the hope in this direction.

G. D. H.

Spring Medicine

The best is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is the best because it does the most good.

While it makes the blood pure, fresh and lively, it tones the stomach to better digestion, creates an appetite, stimulates the kidneys and liver, gives new brain, nerve and digestive strength.

An unequaled list of cures—40,366 testimonials in two years—proves its merit.

Sarsatabs—For those who prefer medicine in tablet form, Hood's Sarsaparilla is now put up in chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs, as well as in the usual liquid form. Sarsatabs have identically the same curative properties as the liquid form, besides accuracy of dose, convenience, economy,—there being no loss by evaporation, breakage, or leakage. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

Mrs. J. F. Gee, 50 Gould Street, Stoneham, Mass., says: "In 25 years experience I have never known Hood's Sarsaparilla to fail, for spring humors and as a general blood purifier; it cures scrofula, eczema; has no equal as a general spring medicine. It gives me genuine satisfaction to say this."

GUARANTEED under the Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906. No. 324.

WILL RAISE DEAD.

Virginia Professor Has Machine That Revives the Deceased.

Prof. Geo. Poe, living in Norfolk county, Va. claims to be able to raise the dead by means of a machine which he calls a "respirator." The principle of the machine is to remove deadly gases from the lungs and at the same time pump in oxygen.

The inventor declares the machine will resuscitate persons killed by asphyxiation, poison or drowning; prevent death by an anaesthetic while a patient is being operated upon; prevent "infant asphyxia" at birth; make drunken men sober in a few minutes; revive men electrocuted or hanged, the latter only in cases where the neck has not been broken; prevent freezing to death even in the Arctic.

Thomas Black, a retired business man of Norfolk, on being shown the plans, obtained permission to exhibit them to Dr. Francis M. Morgan, a physician of Norfolk. Dr. Morgan got Mr. Poe to demonstrate it before a committee of Norfolk county and Norfolk city doctors. They witnessed the smothering of rabbits and dogs to the point of what they declared on their professional honor was absolute death, and then saw them resuscitated.

In a Pinch, use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder for tired, aching, swollen feet. We have over 30,000 testimonials. All Druggists, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 8-7-4t

MURDERED AT HAZLETON.

Addison B. Remaley, formerly of Benton township, was murdered at Hazleton last Friday morning, by unknown assailants.

The story as told by the victim before he died, was that he was returning from the country and when near the city line was commanded by two men to halt. He did not comply and a second later a shot was fired and he fell to the ground, he saw the two men running away but did not know them. He regained his feet and staggered to the office of Dr. Owen with blood streaming from his side. He called for help and several people came to windows of nearby houses but evidently thought it was some boisterous person and paid no further attention. Dr. Owen found him too weak to probe for the bullet and had him taken to the hospital where he died.

It is believed that he was killed by two men who were lying in wait for another man, and shot him by mistake. The body was taken to Benton on Saturday, to the home of his sister, and the funeral was held on Monday.

We are prepared to furnish the *Woman's Home Companion* for 50 cents a year when taken with THE COLUMBIAN. The two for only $1.50. Send in your name while the offer lasts. tf.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Wilson and two sons went to Wilkes Barre Thursday, and spent the day with relatives.

Trespass Notices.

Card signs "No Trespassing" for sale at this office. They are printed in accordance with the late act of 1903. Price 5 cents each. tf

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The following article appeared in today's *Morning Press*, and as it is on a subject of general interest we reprint it:

What shall be done with our Public Library is a question that confronts the Directors of our Public Library of Bloomsburg. For nearly four years it has been kept alive by the strenuous and untiring efforts of a few ladies whose sole aim is to build up a Public Library for Bloomsburg and today they can point with pride to the results of their labors. Our Library now contains nearly 6,000 volumes of our Standard authors comprising a large number of valuable works of reference magazines, etc. Of this number of books there was circulated during the month of Feb'y. 2, 172 volumes which went into the homes of our citizens in Bloomsburg. This one statement clearly shows that it has past the experimental stage, and is become an institution of usefulness in our community. A visitor need only go and see the number of our public school scholars, who use the works of reference constantly and be convinced that a large amount of good is being done by our Public Library for the young people of our Schools and mills of our town. Had we a building that would give the required accomodation its usefulness might be extended by free evening classes, as well as lectures, but now while we can point with pride to the permanent success of our Library, we are confronted with the fact that all this has been accomplished by the untiring zeal of a few ladies, who in order to keep its doors open are compelled to go from door to door soliciting contributions to meet the expenses. Appeals have been made to our good citizeds but few have responded. Is it not a reflection on our Town when we see our neighboring town of Berwick raise the sum of $35,000 dollars to improve the Y. M. C. A. while we cannot raise $1,000 per year to support our Public Library and in spite of the most economical management today have not sufficient money to pay the current bills for the last month? Let me appeal to the many of our good citizens, heads of families, whose boys and girls use the Library regularly, but do not contribute one cent towards its support. Do not let so useful an institution be closed, as it must just as soon as our few ladies cease going from door to door begging for our Library. When we show such results our citizens should respond to the appeals made to them that we may be able to continue the good work now being done by our Public Library.

A CITIZEN.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL

SURPLUS STOCK SALE

Our 2nd surplus stock sale will eclipse all previous ones, both as to price reduction and the enormous stocks of fine merchandise.

NOW GOING ON.

R. Hartman,
SUCCESSOR TO
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Use the letters contained in the text: "WETMORE'S COCOANUT," and form as many words as you can, using letters either backward or forward, but do not use any letter in same word more times than it appears in "WETMORE'S COCOANUT." For example, the words wet, ate, too, etc. The person forming the greatest number of words using the letters in the text will receive $100 in cash; for the next largest list we will give $75; for the next $25 cash, and for each of the next ten largest lists we will give $10 in gold. In case two or more people tie then that prize will be divided equally between such persons.

If you are good at word making you can secure a valuable prize, as the Wetmore Company intends giving many handsome, special souvenir prizes to the persons sending them a list containing over fifteen words. Write your name on list of words (number) and enclose the same postpaid with your name and address, and you will receive a free sample package of Wetmore's Cocoanut.

This word contest will be carefully and conscientiously conducted, and is solely for the purpose of further advertising and introducing Wetmore's Cocoanut in new localities. If you are able to make a good list of words and answer promptly, you will stand an equal opportunity to secure one of the valuable prizes.

We intend spending a large amount of money in the distribution of prizes in this contest and assure you that your result will be most gratifying. It costs nothing to enter the contest, but we will be pleased to have you tell us whether your groceryman handles Wetmore's Cocoanut or not. Write your name plainly and send list as early as possible. Address

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The New York World
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The Thrice-a-Week World hopes to be in 1906 a better paper than it has ever been before, and it has made its arradgements accordingly. Its news service covers the entire globe, and it reports everything fully, promptly and accurately. It is the only paper not a daily, which is as good as a daily, and which will keep you as completely informed of what is happening throughout the world.

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A special feature of the Thrice-a-Week World has always been its serial fiction. It publishes novels by the best authors in the world, novels which in book form sell for $1.50 apiece, and its high standard in this respect wi be maidtained in the future as in the past.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is only $1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and the COLUMBIAN together for one year for $1.50.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is $2.00.

SKIN ERUPTIONS.

Many persons are much annoyed by prickly heat, hives, boils and other skin eruptions, often attended by painful itching and burning, and sometimes becoming obstinate and unsightly sores. Corpulent people are especially subject to these maddening inflections all caused by impure blood. Scrofula, Cancer and all other skin diseases arise from an impure state of the blood.

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If taken when these symptoms first appear, will prevent serious consequences. It strikes at the cause of the trouble, by gently opening the bowels, toning the stomach, stimulating the kidneys and liver to do their important work, and ending in setting up a healthy action of the system. It may be accepted as a cure for all derangements springing from impure blood. Fever and Ague, Malaria, Rheumatic Gout, and all urinary derangements rapidly improve under the same treatment. If you have indigestion, disordered liver, no appetite, constipation, feverish skin, take Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy without delay. Keep it in the house when you are home, and with you on journeys. Large bottles $1.00. All druggists.

Write Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N.Y., for free sample bottle and medical booklet. Mention this paper when you write.